



# Allspring Utilities and High Income Fund (ERH)

Annual Report

AUGUST 31, 2023

## Managed Distribution Plan

Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Order”), the Fund is authorized to distribute long-term capital gains to shareholders more frequently than once per year. Pursuant to the Order, the Fund’s Board of Trustees approved a Managed Distribution Plan (“MDP”) for the Fund pursuant to which the Fund makes monthly cash distributions to common shareholders, stated in terms of a fixed amount per common share.

The Fund’s Board has adopted a managed distribution plan for the Fund at an annual minimum fixed rate of 7% based on the Fund’s average monthly NAV per share over the prior 12 months. The Fund makes distributions monthly. You should not draw any conclusions about the Fund’s investment performance from the amount of these distributions or from the terms of the MDP. The MDP will be subject to regular periodic review by the Board and the Board may amend or terminate the MDP at any time without prior notice to Fund shareholders. However, at this time there are no reasonably foreseeable circumstances that might cause the termination of the MDP.

The Fund may distribute more than its income and net realized capital gains and, therefore, a portion of your distribution may be a return of capital. A return of capital may occur, for example, when some or all of the money that you invested in the Fund is paid back to you. A return of capital distribution does not necessarily reflect the Fund’s investment performance and should not be confused with ‘yield’ or ‘income’.

With each distribution, the Fund will issue a notice to shareholders and a press release containing information about the amount and sources of the distribution and other related information. The amounts and sources of distributions reported in the notice and press release are only estimates and are not provided for tax reporting purposes. The actual amounts and sources of the amounts for tax reporting purposes will depend upon the Fund’s investment experience during its fiscal year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. The Fund will send you a Form 1099-DIV for the calendar year that will tell you how to report these distributions for federal income tax purposes.

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The views expressed and any forward-looking statements are as of August 31, 2023, unless otherwise noted, and are those of the Fund's portfolio managers and/or Allspring Global Investments. Discussions of individual securities or the markets generally are not intended as individual recommendations. Future events or results may vary significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. The views expressed are subject to change at any time in response to changing circumstances in the market. Allspring Global Investments disclaims any obligation to publicly update or revise any views expressed or forward-looking statements.

**ANDREW OWEN**

President  
Allspring Funds

## Dear Shareholder:

We are pleased to offer you this annual report for the Allspring Utilities and High Income Fund for the 12-month period that ended August 31, 2023. Globally, stocks and bonds experienced high levels of volatility through the period. The market was focused on persistently high inflation and the impact of ongoing aggressive central bank rate hikes. Compounding these concerns were the global reverberations of the Russia-Ukraine war. Riskier assets rallied in 2023, with anticipation of an end to the tight monetary policy despite concerns of a possible impending recession. After suffering deep and broad losses through 2022, bonds now benefit from a base of higher yields that can help generate higher income. However, ongoing rate hikes continued to be a headwind during recent months.

For the 12-month period, stocks generally outperformed bonds—both domestic U.S. and global. For the period, U.S. stocks, based on the S&P 500 Index,<sup>1</sup> gained 15.94%. International stocks, as measured by the MSCI ACWI ex USA Index (Net),<sup>2</sup> returned 11.89%, while the MSCI EM Index (Net) (USD)<sup>3</sup> had more modest performance, with a gain of 1.25%. Among bond indexes, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index<sup>4</sup> returned -1.19%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Index (unhedged)<sup>5</sup> gained 0.65%, the Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index<sup>6</sup> gained 1.70%, and the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index<sup>7</sup> returned 7.09%.

### Despite high inflation and central bank rate hikes, markets rallied.

The 12-month period began with all asset classes suffering major losses in September 2022. Central banks kept up their battle against rapidly rising prices with more rate hikes. The strength of the U.S. dollar weighed on results for investors holding non-U.S.-dollar assets. U.S. mortgage rates jumped to near 7% on 30-year fixed-rate mortgages; the decreased housing affordability began to cool demand somewhat. The U.K. experienced a sharp sell-off of government bonds and the British pound in September as investors panicked in response to a new government budget that was seen as financially unsound. The Bank of England (BoE) then stepped in and bought long-dated government bonds.

Equities had a reprieve in October. Globally, developed markets outpaced emerging market equities, which were hurt by weakness among Chinese stocks. Central banks continued to try to curtail high inflation with aggressive interest rate hikes. Geopolitical risks persisted, including the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war and economic, financial market, and political turmoil in the U.K. Concerns over Europe's energy crisis eased, thanks to unseasonably warm weather and plentiful gas on hand. The U.S. labor market continued its resilience against rising prices as unemployment remained near a record low.

<sup>1</sup> The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-value-weighted index with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>2</sup> The Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) All Country World Index (ACWI) ex USA Index (Net) is a free-float-adjusted market-capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets, excluding the U.S. Source: MSCI. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indexes or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, reviewed, or produced by MSCI. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>3</sup> The MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index (Net) (USD) is a free-float-adjusted market-capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of emerging markets. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>4</sup> The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment-grade, U.S.-dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market, including Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, mortgage-backed securities (agency fixed-rate and hybrid adjustable-rate mortgage pass-throughs), asset-backed securities, and commercial mortgage-backed securities. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>5</sup> The Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Index (unhedged) is an unmanaged index that provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets excluding the U.S.-dollar-denominated debt market. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>6</sup> The Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index composed of long-term tax-exempt bonds with a minimum credit rating of Baa. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>7</sup> The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index is a market-capitalization-weighted index of domestic and Yankee high yield bonds. The index tracks the performance of high yield securities traded in the U.S. bond market. You cannot invest directly in an index. Copyright 2023. ICE Data Indices, LLC. All rights reserved.

Stocks and bonds rallied in November. Economic news was encouraging, driven by U.S. labor market strength. Although central banks kept increasing rates, hopes rose for an easing in the pace of rate hikes and a possible end to central bank monetary tightening in 2023. Although inflation remained at record highs in the eurozone, we began to see signs of a possible decline in inflationary pressures as U.S. inflation moderated, with a 7.1% annual price rise in November and a monthly price increase of just 0.1%. China's economic data remained weak, reflecting its zero-COVID-19 policy.

Financial markets cooled in December, with U.S. equities declining overall in response to a weakening U.S. dollar. Fixed income securities ended one of their worst years ever, with generally flat monthly returns as markets weighed the hopes for an end to the monetary tightening cycle with the reality that central banks had not completed their jobs yet. U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI)<sup>1</sup> data showed a strong consistent trend downward, which brought down the 12-month CPI to 6.5% in December from 9.1% in June. Other countries and regions reported still-high but declining inflation rates as the year wound down.

The year 2023 began with a rally across global equities and fixed income securities. Investor optimism rose in response to data indicating declining inflation rates and the reopening of China's economy with the abrupt end to its zero-COVID-19 policy. The U.S. reported strong job gains and unemployment fell to 3.4%—the lowest level since 1969. Meanwhile, wage growth, seen as a potential contributor to ongoing high inflation, continued to moderate. All eyes remained fixed on the Federal Reserve (Fed) and on how many more rate hikes remain in this tightening cycle. The 0.25% federal funds rate hike announced in January was the Fed's smallest rate increase since March 2022.

Markets declined in February as investors responded unfavorably to resilient economic data. The takeaway: Central banks would likely continue their monetary tightening cycle for longer than markets had priced in. In this environment—where strong economic data is seen as bad news—the resilient U.S. labor market was taken as a negative, with inflation not falling quickly enough for the Fed, which raised interest rates by 0.25% in February. Meanwhile, the BoE and the European Central Bank (ECB) both raised rates by 0.50%.

The collapse of Silicon Valley Bank in March, the second-largest banking failure in U.S. history, led to a bank run that spread to Europe, where Switzerland's Credit Suisse was taken over by its rival, UBS. The banking industry turmoil created an additional challenge for central banks in balancing inflationary concerns against potential economic weakening. Meanwhile, recent data pointed to economic strength in the U.S., Europe, and China. And China's economy continued to rebound after the removal of its COVID-19 lockdown. Inflation rates in the U.S., the U.K., and Europe all remained higher than central bank targets, leading to additional rate hikes in March.

Economic data released in April pointed to global resilience, as Purchasing Managers Indexes<sup>2</sup> in the U.S., U.K., and eurozone beat expectations and China reported first-quarter annualized economic growth of 4.5%. Despite banking industry stress, developed market stocks had monthly gains. The U.S. labor market remained strong, with a 3.5% jobless rate and monthly payroll gains above 200,000. However, uncertainty and inflationary concerns weighed on investors in the U.S. and abroad.

May was marked by a divergence between expanding activity in services and an overall contraction in manufacturing activity in the U.S., U.K., and eurozone. Core inflation remained elevated in the U.S. and Europe, despite the ongoing efforts of the Fed and the ECB, which included rate hikes of 0.25% by both in May. Stubborn inflation and the resilient U.S. labor market led to expectations of further interest rate hikes, overall monthly declines across bond indexes, and mixed results for stocks in May. Investor worries over a U.S. debt ceiling impasse were modest, and market confidence was buoyed by a deal in late May to avert a potential U.S. debt default.

“ The collapse of Silicon Valley Bank in March, the second-largest banking failure in U.S. history, led to a bank run that spread to Europe, where Switzerland's Credit Suisse was taken over by its rival, UBS. ”

<sup>1</sup> The U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>2</sup> The Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is an index of the prevailing direction of economic trends in the manufacturing and service sectors. You cannot invest directly in an index.

“ With strong second-quarter gross domestic product growth—initially estimated at 2.4%—and U.S. annual inflation easing steadily to 3.2% in July, hopes for a soft economic landing grew. ”

For further information about your fund, contact your investment professional, visit our website at [allspringglobal.com](https://allspringglobal.com), or call us directly at 1-800-222-8222.

June featured the Fed’s first pause on interest rate hikes since March 2022, when it began its aggressive campaign to rein in inflation. However, Core CPI<sup>1</sup>, while continuing to decline, remained stubbornly high in June, at 4.8%, well above the Fed’s 2.0% target rate. With the U.S. unemployment rate still at 3.6%, near a historical low, and U.S. payrolls growing in June for the 30th consecutive month, expectations of more Fed rate hikes were reinforced. However, U.S. and global stocks had strong returns in June.

July was a strong month for stocks. However, bonds had more muted but positive monthly returns overall. Riskier sectors and regions tended to do well, as investors grew more optimistic regarding economic prospects. With strong second-quarter gross domestic product growth—initially estimated at 2.4%—and U.S. annual inflation easing steadily to 3.2% in July, hopes for a soft economic landing grew. The Fed, the ECB, and the BoE all raised their respective key interest rates by 0.25% in July. In the Fed’s case, speculation grew that it could be very close to the end of its tightening cycle. Meanwhile, China’s economy showed numerous signs of stagnation, bringing fresh concerns regarding global fallout.

Stocks retreated in August while monthly bond returns were flat overall. Increased global market volatility reflected unease over the Chinese property market being stressed along with weak Chinese economic data. On a more positive note, speculation grew over a possible end to the Fed’s campaign of interest rate increases or at least a pause in September. U.S. economic data generally remained solid, with resilient job market data and inflation ticking up slightly in August, as the annual CPI was up 3.7%. However, the three-month trend for Core CPI stood at a more encouraging annualized 2.4%.

### Don’t let short-term uncertainty derail long-term investment goals.

Periods of investment uncertainty can present challenges, but experience has taught us that maintaining long-term investment goals can be an effective way to plan for the future. Although diversification cannot guarantee an investment profit or prevent losses, we believe it can be an effective way to manage investment risk and potentially smooth out overall portfolio performance. We encourage investors to know their investments and to understand that appropriate levels of risk-taking may unlock opportunities.

Thank you for choosing to invest with Allspring Funds. We appreciate your confidence in us and remain committed to helping you meet your financial needs.

Sincerely,



Andrew Owen  
President  
Allspring Funds

<sup>1</sup> The Core CPI is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services excluding energy and food prices. You cannot invest directly in an index.

## Notice to Shareholders

On November 16, 2022, the Fund announced a renewal of its open-market share repurchase program (the “Buyback Program”). Under the renewed Buyback Program, the Fund may repurchase up to 5% of its outstanding shares in open market transactions during the period beginning on January 1, 2023 and ending on December 31, 2023. The Fund’s Board of Trustees has delegated to Allspring Funds Management, LLC, the Fund’s adviser, discretion to administer the Buyback Program, including the determination of the amount and timing of repurchases in accordance with the best interests of the Fund and subject to applicable legal limitations.

## Performance highlights

Investment objective	The Fund seeks a high level of current income and moderate capital growth, with an emphasis on providing tax-advantaged dividend income.
Strategy summary	The Fund allocates its assets between two separate investment strategies, or sleeves. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will allocate approximately 70% of its total assets to a sleeve that places a focus on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks of utility companies and approximately 30% of its total assets to a sleeve of U.S. dollar denominated below investment grade (high yield) debt.
Adviser	Allspring Funds Management, LLC
Subadviser	Allspring Global Investments, LLC
Portfolio managers	Chris Lee, CFA, Kent Newcomb, CFA, Michael J. Schueller, CFA, Jack Spudich, CFA

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (%) AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>

	1 YEAR	5 YEAR	10 YEAR
Based on market value	-14.96	1.92	5.18
Based on net asset value (NAV)	-10.79	4.23	6.00
ERH Blended Index <sup>2</sup>	-6.91	5.89	7.85
ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index <sup>3</sup>	7.11	3.16	4.39
S&P 500 Utilities Index <sup>4</sup>	-12.65	6.75	9.07

**Figures quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results, and do not reflect taxes that a shareholder may pay on an investment in a fund. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted, which assumes the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Performance figures of the Fund do not reflect brokerage commissions that a shareholder would pay on the purchase and sale of shares. If taxes and such brokerage commissions had been reflected, performance would have been lower. To obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end, please call 1-800-222-8222.**

The Fund's expense ratio for the year ended August 31, 2023, was 2.45% which includes 1.44% of interest expense.

<sup>1</sup> Total returns based on market value are calculated assuming a purchase of common stock on the first day and a sale on the last day of the period reported. Total returns based on NAV are calculated based on the NAV at the beginning of the period and at the end of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for the purposes of these calculations to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

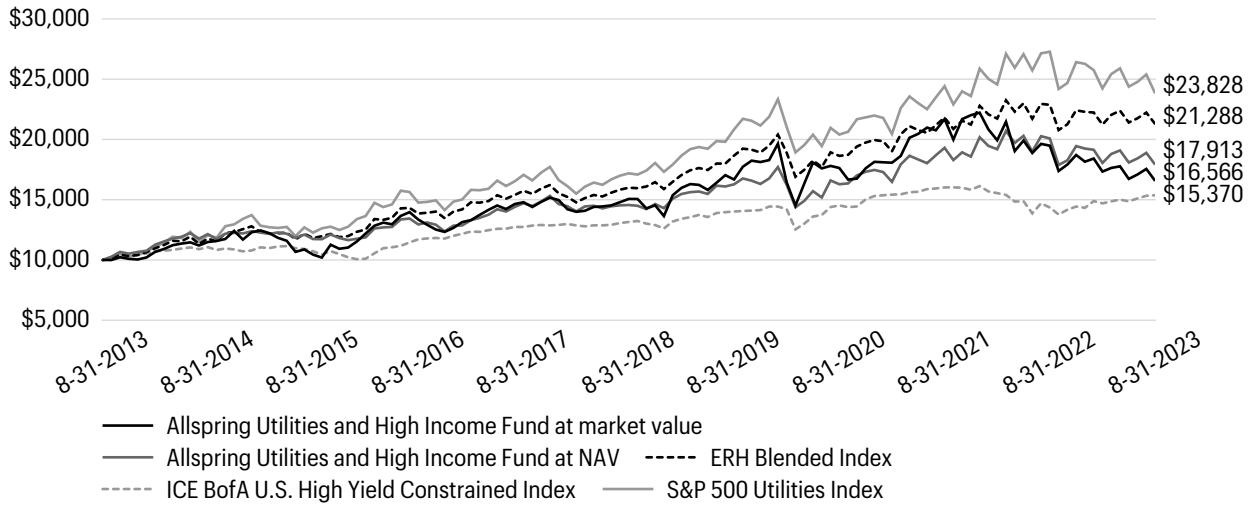
<sup>2</sup> Source: Allspring Funds Management, LLC. The ERH Blended Index is weighted 70% in S&P 500 Utilities Index and 30% in the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index. Effective October 15, 2019, the ERH Blended Index changed the high yield component of the index from the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index to the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index in order to better match the Fund's investment strategy. You cannot invest directly in an index.

<sup>3</sup> The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index is a market-value-weighted index of all domestic and Yankee high-yield bonds, including deferred interest bonds and payment-in-kind securities. Issues included in the index have maturities of one year or more and have a credit rating lower than BBB-/Baa3 but are not in default. The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index limits any individual issuer to a maximum of 2% benchmark exposure. You cannot invest directly in an index. Copyright 2023. ICE Data Indices, LLC. All rights reserved.

<sup>4</sup> The S&P 500 Utilities Index is a market-value-weighted index that measures the performance of all stocks within the utilities sector of the S&P 500 Index. You cannot invest directly in an index.

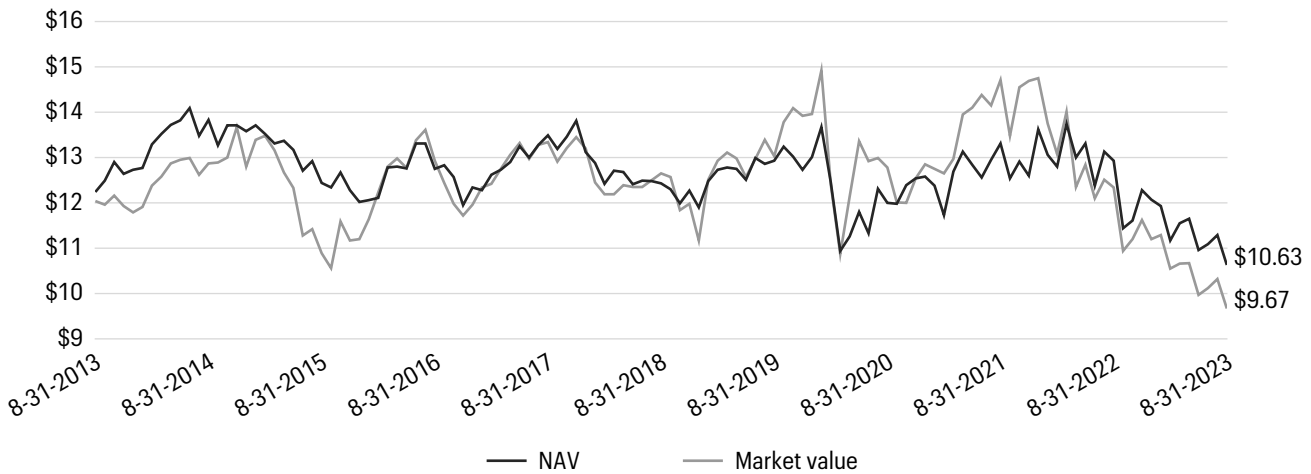


GROWTH OF \$10,000 INVESTMENT AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> The chart compares the performance of the Fund for the most recent ten years with the ERH Blended Index, ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Constrained Index and S&P 500 Utilities Index. The chart assumes a hypothetical investment of \$10,000 investment and reflects all operating expenses of the Fund.

COMPARISON OF NAV VS. MARKET VALUE<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> This chart does not reflect any brokerage commissions charged on the purchase and sale of the Fund's common stock. Dividends and distributions paid by the Fund are included in the Fund's average annual total returns but have the effect of reducing the Fund's NAV.

## Risk summary

This closed-end fund is no longer available as an initial public offering and is only offered through broker-dealers on the secondary market. A closed-end fund is not required to buy its shares back from investors upon request. Shares of the Fund may trade at either a premium or discount relative to the Fund's net asset value, and there can be no assurance that any discount will decrease. The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by the Fund may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Equity securities fluctuate in value in response to factors specific to the issuer of the security. Debt securities are subject to credit risk and interest rate risk, and high yield securities and unrated securities of similar credit quality have a much greater risk of default and their values tend to be more volatile than higher-rated securities with similar maturities. Funds that concentrate their investments in a single industry or sector may face increased risk of price fluctuation due to adverse developments within that industry or sector. The Fund is also subject to risks associated with any concentration of its investments in the utility sector. The Fund is leveraged through a revolving credit facility and also may incur leverage by issuing preferred shares in the future. The use of leverage results in certain risks, including, among others, the likelihood of greater volatility of net asset value and the market price of common shares. Foreign investments may contain more risk due to the inherent risks associated with changing political climates, foreign market instability, and foreign currency fluctuations. Derivatives involve additional risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk, the risk of improper valuation, and the risk of noncorrelation to the relevant instruments they are designed to hedge or closely track.

More detailed information about the Fund's investment objective, principal investment strategies and the principal risks associated with investing in the Fund can be found on page 11.

## MANAGER'S DISCUSSION

### Overview

The Fund's return based on market value was -14.96% for the 12-month period that ended August 31, 2023. During the same period, the Fund's return based on net asset value (NAV) was -10.79%. Based on its market value and NAV return, the Fund underperformed the ERH Blended Index, which returned -6.91%.

### The equity sleeve slightly trailed the utilities benchmark in a challenging year.

The Fund's equity sleeve benchmark, the S&P 500 Utilities Index, underperformed the S&P 500 Index\* by more than 28% for the period. The equity sleeve trailed the benchmark by just over 1%. Utilities modestly underperformed the market from September through December 2022. Through the first eight months of 2023, however, utilities broadly underperformed, as a narrow group of large growth stocks, most of which do not pay a dividend, dominated market performance. This underperformance does not, in our opinion, reflect a deterioration in either utility earnings or dividend growth expectations, which remain on track for healthy mid-single-digit percentage growth again in 2023. On a price/earnings basis, the S&P 500 Utilities Index is currently trading at about a 15% discount to the S&P 500 Index versus a 10-year average premium of about 2%.

The equity sleeve managers sold a natural gas utility that lowered its projected growth rate in the face of higher inflation. They also added to positions on weakness in utilities in states with attractive regulatory environments. The Fund did not own several index stocks that performed well, which was the largest detractor from relative performance. The managers view those stocks as embedding either undue risk, subpar dividend growth, or a difficult regulatory environment. The Fund benefited from an overweight position in gas utilities that had strong performance. Lower natural gas costs were a likely catalyst. The Fund also benefited by not owning an index component that principally owns unregulated power generation assets.

#### TEN LARGEST HOLDINGS (%) AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>

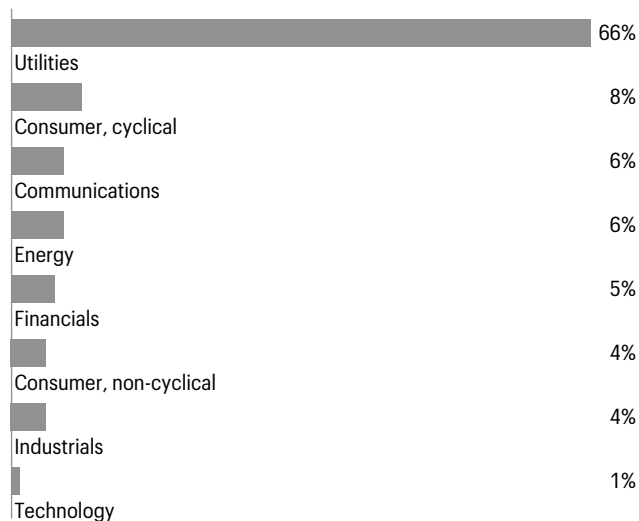
NextEra Energy, Inc.	13.40
Sempra Energy	5.33
Duke Energy Corp.	4.87
Southern Co.	4.83
American Electric Power Co., Inc.	4.74
Exelon Corp.	4.46
DTE Energy Co.	3.70
Dominion Energy, Inc.	3.42
Atmos Energy Corp.	3.41
CMS Energy Corp.	3.38

<sup>1</sup> Figures represent the percentage of the Fund's net assets. Holdings are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

### The equity sleeve outlook: There is a path for moderate growth in equity earnings and dividends.

Fundamentally, the equity sleeve managers continue to see a clear path for moderate yet consistent growth in utility earnings and dividends. This, combined with estimated dividend yields for the sector that exceed yields for the broader market, could provide investors with solid total return potential and below-average volatility.

#### SECTOR ALLOCATION AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> Figures represent the percentage of the Fund's long-term investments. Allocations are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

### The high income sleeve is focused on quality improvement.

Quality improvement was the central theme of the high income sleeve strategy over the past 12 months. The high income sleeve managers focused on companies and sectors that they believe can keep pace with inflation to generate consistent earnings growth and that are prudently financed to weather the pressures of tighter monetary policy and higher costs of borrowing. A broad macro backdrop of tight monetary policy and tighter financial conditions suggests slower economic growth ahead.

The managers increased the Fund's allocation to BBB-rated and above credits while decreasing CCC-rated holdings and maintaining a core allocation to BB/B rated issues throughout the year to improve the quality of the portfolio. In addition, they continued to rotate into shorter-duration

\* The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-value-weighted index with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. You cannot invest directly in an index.

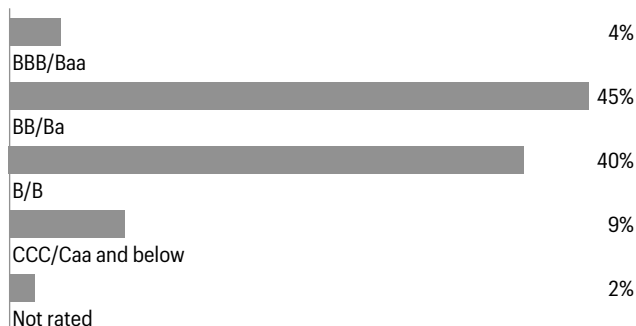
bonds to take advantage of the shape of the yield curve and maximize the portfolio’s yield.

At the sector level, a consistent overweight to energy was a positive for the portfolio as strong earnings and balance sheet discipline supported the sector. An overweight to leisure and an underweight to wireline services companies helped boost performance. In addition, the managers increased the Fund’s allocation to real estate investment trusts and decreased its allocation to airlines to take advantage of attractive valuations and reduce cyclicality. The managers also reduced the Fund’s allocation to deep cyclicals such as chemicals and metals/mining to further reduce economic cyclicality.

### The main detractors were the brokerage/asset managers, retailers, and electric sectors.

The main detractors from performance within the high income sleeve came from brokerage/asset manager American Beacon\*, retailer QVC\*, and electric generator Enviva.

CREDIT QUALITY AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> The credit quality distribution of portfolio holdings reflected in the chart is based on ratings from Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s Investors Service, and/or Fitch Ratings Ltd. Credit quality ratings apply to the underlying holdings of the Fund and not to the Fund itself. The percentages of the portfolio with the ratings depicted in the chart are calculated based on the market value of fixed income securities held by the Fund. If a security was rated by all three rating agencies, the middle rating was utilized. If rated by two of the three rating agencies, the lower rating was utilized, and if rated by one of the rating agencies, that rating was utilized. Standard & Poor’s rates the creditworthiness of bonds, ranging from AAA (highest) to D (lowest). Ratings from A to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus (+) or minus (-) sign to show relative standing within the rating categories. Standard & Poor’s rates the creditworthiness of short-term notes from SP-1 (highest) to SP-3 (lowest). Moody’s rates the creditworthiness of bonds, ranging from Aaa (highest) to C (lowest). Ratings Aa to B may be modified by the addition of a number 1 (highest) to 3 (lowest) to show relative standing within the ratings categories. Moody’s rates the creditworthiness of short-term U.S. tax-exempt municipal securities from MIG 1/VMIG 1 (highest) to SG (lowest). Fitch rates the creditworthiness of bonds, ranging from AAA (highest) to D (lowest). Credit quality distribution is subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

\* This security was no longer held at the end of the reporting period.

### The top contributors were the transportation services, leisure, and property and casualty insurance sectors.

Top-performing contributors within the high income sleeve included debt investments in transportation services company FLY Leasing, leisure company Royal Caribbean, and property and casualty insurer BroadStreet Partners.

GEOGRAPHIC ALLOCATION AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> Figures represent the percentage of the Fund’s long-term investments. Allocations are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

### Leverage had a negative impact.

The Fund’s use of leverage through bank borrowings had a negative impact on total return performance during this reporting period. As of August 31, 2023, the Fund had approximately 23% of total assets in leverage.

### Fund distributions

Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Order”), the Fund is authorized to distribute long-term capital gains to shareholders more frequently than once per year. Pursuant to the Order, the Fund’s Board of Trustees approved a managed distribution plan pursuant to which the Fund makes monthly cash distributions to common shareholders. The Fund’s managed distribution plan had no effect on the Fund’s investment strategy during the year ended August 31, 2023 and is not expected to have such an effect in future periods. If distributions exceed Fund returns, they will cause its NAV per share to erode. Shareholders should not draw any conclusions about the Fund’s investment performance from the amount of its distribution or from the terms of its managed distribution plan. For the year ended August 31, 2023, the Fund’s total distributions were \$0.88 per share. The Fund’s distributions may be comprised of amounts characterized for federal income tax purposes as qualified and non-qualified ordinary dividends, capital gains and nondividend distributions, also known as return of capital distributions. The federal income tax character of distributions is determined after the end of the calendar year and reported to shareholders on Form 1099-DIV.

# Objective, strategies and risks

## Investment objective

The Fund seeks a high level of current income and moderate capital growth, with an emphasis on providing tax-advantaged dividend income. The Fund's investment objective is a fundamental policy and may not be changed without the approval of a majority of the outstanding voting securities (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Fund.

## Principal investment strategies

The Fund allocates its assets between two separate investment strategies, or sleeves.

*Equity Sleeve.* Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 70% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on common, preferred and convertible preferred stocks of utility companies ("equity sleeve"). Utility companies may include, for example, companies that provide basic services such as water, sewage, and the transmission, generation and distribution of electricity and transmission and distribution of natural gas. The Fund may invest this portion of assets in companies across all market capitalizations.

We focus on dividend-paying companies that we expect to pay and increase dividends consistently. Our process applies a rigorous analytical methodology to all of our investment decisions, which might include the following analyses of a company and its stock: cash flow analysis, debt levels, discipline of company management, relative and absolute valuation levels and dividend yield. In selecting companies, we begin with a screen of a broad universe of equity securities that looks first, but not exclusively, at dividend yield, dividend growth potential, and market capitalization. In addition, a review of company fundamentals, such as valuation, earnings growth, and financial condition, helps the portfolio managers focus on companies with dividends that appear reasonably sustainable with potential for moderate dividend growth. We seek to provide tax-advantaged income by investing in securities that offer qualified dividends and attempt to maintain a low portfolio turnover in order to moderate realized capital gains.

We regularly review the investments of the equity sleeve and may sell a holding when there is deterioration in the underlying fundamentals of the business, dividend growth is no longer expected or there is the possibility of a dividend cut, the stock price reflects full or overvaluation, it has achieved its valuation target or we have identified a more attractive investment opportunity.

*Material Changes During the Fiscal Year ended August 31, 2023:* There were no material changes to the equity sleeve during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023.

*High Yield Bond Sleeve.* Under normal market conditions, the Fund allocates approximately 30% of its total assets to an investment strategy that focuses on U.S. dollar-denominated below investment-grade bonds, debentures, and other income obligations (often called "high yield" securities or "junk bonds"). We may invest in below investment-grade debt securities of any credit quality. This portion of the Fund invests in high yield securities rated between and including B3 and Ba1 by Moody's or B- and BB+ by S&P or, if unrated, that are deemed by us to be of comparable quality at the time of purchase. This portion of the Fund's portfolio targets securities with a minimum rating of B to BB at the time of purchase and attempts to maintain a weighted average credit quality with respect to the high yield securities of B to BB. This portion of the Fund will not purchase high yield securities with a rating of CCC or below, although the Fund may hold such securities as a result of a downgrade in ratings subsequent to their purchase. No more than 10% of this portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in securities that are rated CCC or below or are unrated.

Securities in the Fund's high yield bond sleeve may be issued by domestic or foreign issuers (including foreign governments), may include securities of emerging market issuers and may be non-U.S. dollar-denominated. The Fund may invest in non-investment-grade securities of any credit quality at the time of purchase.

For purposes of the Fund's credit quality policies, if a security receives different ratings from nationally recognized securities rating organizations, the Fund will use the rating chosen by the portfolio managers as most representative of the security's credit quality. The Fund's high yield securities may have fixed or variable principal payments and all types of interest rate and dividend payment and reset terms, including fixed rate, adjustable rate, contingent, deferred, payment in kind and auction rate features. The Fund's weighted average duration range for high yield U.S. debt securities is six years or less.

The Fund's high yield sleeve is managed following a rigorous investment process that emphasizes both quality and value. The research driven approach includes both a top-down review of macroeconomic factors and intensive, bottom-up scrutiny of individual securities. We consider both broad economic and issuer specific factors in selecting the high yield portfolio. In assessing the appropriate maturity and duration for the Fund's high yield sleeve and the credit quality parameters and weighting objectives for each sector and industry in this portion of the Fund's portfolio, we consider a variety of factors that are expected to influence the economic environment and the dynamics of the high yield market. These factors include fundamental economic indicators, such as interest rate trends, the rates of economic growth and inflation, the performance of equity markets, commodities prices, Federal Reserve monetary policy and the relative value of the U.S. dollar compared to other currencies. Once we determine the preferable portfolio characteristics, we conduct further evaluation to determine capacity and inventory levels in each targeted industry. We also identify any circumstances that may lead to improved business conditions, thus increasing the attractiveness of a particular industry. We select individual securities based upon the terms of the securities (such as yields compared to U.S. Treasuries or comparable issues), liquidity, rating, sector and issuer diversification. We also employ due

diligence and fundamental research to assess an issuer's credit quality, taking into account financial condition and profitability, future capital needs, potential for change in rating, industry outlook, the competitive environment and management ability.

The analysis of issuers may include, among other things, historic and current financial conditions, current and anticipated cash flow and borrowing requirements, value of assets in relation to historical costs, strength of management, responsiveness to business conditions, credit standing, the company's leverage versus industry norms and current and anticipated results of operations. While we consider as one factor in our credit analysis the ratings assigned by the rating services, we perform our own independent credit analysis of issuers.

In making decisions for the high yield sleeve, we rely on the knowledge, experience and judgment of our team who have access to a wide variety of research. We apply a strict sell discipline, which is as important as purchase criteria in determining the performance of this portion of this portfolio. We routinely meet to review profitability outlooks and discuss any deteriorating business fundamentals, as well as consider changes in equity valuations and market perceptions before selling securities.

In other than normal market conditions, when changing economic conditions and other factors cause the yield difference between lower rated and higher rated securities to narrow, the high yield bond sleeve may purchase higher rated U.S. debt instruments if we believe that the risk of loss of income and principal may be reduced substantially with only a relatively small reduction in yield.

We regularly review the investments of the portfolio and may sell a portfolio holding when it has achieved its valuation target, there is deterioration in the underlying fundamentals of the business, or we have identified a more attractive investment opportunity.

*Material Changes During the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2023:* There were no material changes to the high yield sleeve during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023.

*The Fund's Overall Portfolio.* We monitor the weighting of each investment strategy within the Fund's portfolio on an ongoing basis and rebalance the Fund's assets when we determine that such a rebalancing is necessary to align the portfolio in accordance with the investment strategies described above. From time to time, we may make adjustments to the weighting of each investment strategy. Such adjustments would be based on our review and consideration of the expected returns for each investment strategy and would factor in the stock, bond and money markets, interest rate and corporate earnings growth trends, and economic conditions which support changing investment opportunities.

The Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in foreign securities.

The investment policies of the Fund described above are non-fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Fund so long as shareholders are provided with at least 60 days prior written notice of any change to the extent required by the rules under the 1940 Act.

## Other investment techniques and strategies

*Foreign Currency Transactions.* The Fund may engage in foreign currency transactions for the purpose of hedging against foreign exchange risk arising from the Fund's investment or anticipated investment in securities denominated in foreign currencies. The Fund also may enter into these contracts for purposes of increasing exposure to a foreign currency or to shift exposure to foreign currency fluctuations from one country to another.

*Preferred Shares.* The Fund may invest in preferred shares. Preferred shares are equity securities, but they have many characteristics of fixed income securities, such as a fixed dividend payment rate and/or a liquidity preference over the issuer's common shares. However, because preferred shares are equity securities, they may be more susceptible to risks traditionally associated with equity investments than the Fund's fixed income securities.

*Loans.* The Fund may invest in direct debt instruments which are interests in amounts owed to lenders by corporate or other borrowers. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in corporate loans. The loans in which the Fund invests primarily consist of direct obligations of a borrower. The Fund may invest in a loan at origination as a co-lender or by acquiring in the secondary market participations in, assignments of or novations of a corporate loan. By purchasing a participation, the Fund acquires some or all of the interest of a bank or other lending institution in a loan to a borrower. The participations typically will result in the Fund having a contractual relationship only with the lender, not the borrower. The Fund will have the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the participation and only upon receipt by the lender of the payments from the borrower. Many such loans are secured, although some may be unsecured. Loans that are fully secured offer the Fund more protection than an unsecured loan in the event of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal. However, there is no assurance that the liquidation of collateral from a secured loan would satisfy the corporate borrower's obligation, or that the collateral can be liquidated. Direct debt instruments may involve a risk of loss in case of default or insolvency of the borrower and may offer less legal protection to the Fund in the event of fraud or misrepresentation. In addition, loan participations involve a risk of insolvency of the lending bank or other financial intermediary. The markets in loans are not regulated by federal securities laws or the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

*Structured Securities.* The Fund may invest in structured securities. The value of the principal and/or interest on such securities is determined by reference to changes in the value of specific currencies, interest rates, commodities, indices or other financial indicators ("Reference") or the relative change in two or more References. The interest rate or the principal amount payable upon maturity or redemption may be increased or decreased depending upon changes in the Reference. The terms of the structured securities may provide in certain circumstances that no principal is due at



maturity and, therefore, may result in a loss of the Fund's investment. Changes in the interest rate or principal payable at maturity may be a multiple of the changes in the value of the Reference. Consequently, structured securities may entail a greater degree of market risk than other types of fixed income securities.

*U.S. Government Securities.* The Fund may invest in U.S. government securities, including debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government agencies or government-sponsored entities. These securities may have fixed, floating or variable rate and also include mortgage-backed securities.

*Other Investment Companies.* The Fund may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and exemptive orders thereunder. The Fund, as a holder of the securities of other investment companies, will bear its pro rata portion of the other investment companies' expenses, including advisory fees. These expenses are in addition to the direct expenses of the Fund's own operations.

*Defensive and Temporary Investments.* Under unusual market or economic conditions or for temporary defensive purposes, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its instrumentalities or agencies, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and other bank obligations, commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization or other fixed income securities deemed by us to be consistent with a defensive posture, or may hold cash. To the extent the Fund implements defensive strategies, it may be unable to achieve its investment objective.

*Derivatives.* The Fund may purchase and sell derivative instruments such as exchange-listed and over-the-counter put and call options on securities, financial futures, equity, fixed-income and interest rate indices, and other financial instruments, purchase and sell financial futures contracts and options thereon, and enter into various interest rate transactions such as swaps, caps, floors or collars. The Fund also may purchase derivative instruments that combine features of these instruments. Collectively, all of the above are referred to as "derivatives." The Fund generally seeks to use derivatives as a portfolio management or hedging technique to seek to protect against possible adverse changes in the market value of securities held in or to be purchased for the Fund's portfolio, protect the value of the Fund's portfolio, facilitate the sale of certain securities for investment purposes, manage the effective interest rate exposure of the Fund, manage the effective maturity or duration of the Fund's portfolio, or establish positions in the derivatives markets as a temporary substitute for purchasing or selling particular securities. The Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in futures and options on securities and indices and in other derivatives. In addition, the Fund may enter into interest rate swap transactions with respect to the total amount the Fund is leveraged in order to hedge against adverse changes in interest rates affecting dividends payable on any preferred shares or interest payable on borrowings constituting leverage. In connection with any such swap transaction, the Fund will segregate liquid securities in the amount of its obligations under the transaction. The Fund generally does not anticipate using derivatives for non-hedging purposes, but in the event we use derivatives for non-hedging purposes, no more than 10% of the Fund's total assets will be committed to initial margin for derivatives for such purposes.

*Repurchase Agreements.* The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with broker-dealers, member banks of the Federal Reserve System and other financial institutions. Repurchase agreements are arrangements under which the Fund purchases securities and the seller agrees to repurchase the securities within a specific time and at a specific price. We review and monitor the creditworthiness of any institution which enters into a repurchase agreement with the Fund. The counterparty's obligations under the repurchase agreement are collateralized with U.S. Treasury and/or agency obligations with a market value of not less than 100% of the obligations, valued daily. Collateral is held by the Fund's custodian in a segregated, safekeeping account for the benefit of the Fund. Repurchase agreements afford the Fund an opportunity to earn income on temporarily available cash at low risk. In the event that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement is unwilling or unable to fulfill its contractual obligations to repurchase the underlying security, the Fund may lose money, suffer delays, or incur costs arising from holding or selling the underlying security.

*Portfolio Turnover.* It is the policy of the Fund not to engage in trading for short-term profits although portfolio turnover is not considered a limiting factor in the execution of investment decisions for the Fund.

*Leverage.* The Fund may borrow money from banks or financial institutions. Although it has no current intention to do so, the Fund also reserves the flexibility to issue preferred shares and debt securities for leveraging purposes. The Fund also may borrow money as a temporary measure for extraordinary or emergency purposes, including the payment of dividends and the settlement of securities transactions which otherwise might require untimely dispositions of the Fund's holdings. The Fund will not borrow or issue preferred shares if, immediately after such borrowing or issuance, total leverage for the Fund exceeds 38% of the Fund's total assets. The Fund may also borrow through reverse repurchase agreements (up to 20% of its total assets). Reverse repurchase agreements involve the sale of a security by the Fund to another party (generally a bank or dealer) in return for cash and an agreement by the Fund to buy the security back at a specified price and time. When the Fund leverages its assets, the fees paid to us for investment advisory and management services will be higher than if the Fund did not leverage because our fees are calculated based on the Fund's total assets including the proceeds of the issuance of preferred shares or any other amounts representing leverage. Consequently, the Fund's investment adviser may have differing interests than the Fund in determining whether to leverage the Fund's assets. The Board of Trustees monitors this potential conflict.

## Principal risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of a bank, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

*Market Risk.* The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by a Fund may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Securities markets are volatile and may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, regulatory, political, or economic developments. Different sectors of the market and different security types may react differently to such developments. Political, geopolitical, natural and other events, including war, terrorism, trade disputes, government shutdowns, market closures, inflation, natural and environmental disasters, epidemics, pandemics and other public health crises and related events have led, and in the future may lead, to economic uncertainty, decreased economic activity, increased market volatility and other disruptive effects on U.S. and global economies and markets. Such events may have significant adverse direct or indirect effects on a Fund and its investments. In addition, economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The values of equity securities may experience periods of substantial price volatility and may decline significantly over short time periods. In general, the values of equity securities are more volatile than those of debt securities. Equity securities fluctuate in value and price in response to factors specific to the issuer of the security, such as management performance, financial condition, and market demand for the issuer's products or services, as well as factors unrelated to the fundamental condition of the issuer, including general market, economic and political conditions. Investing in equity securities poses risks specific to an issuer, as well as to the particular type of company issuing the equity securities. For example, investing in the equity securities of small- or mid-capitalization companies can involve greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in stocks of larger, more-established companies. Different parts of a market, industry and sector may react differently to adverse issuer, market, regulatory, political, and economic developments. Negative news or a poor outlook for a particular industry or sector can cause the share prices of securities of companies in that industry or sector to decline. This risk may be heightened for a Fund that invests a substantial portion of its assets in a particular industry or sector.

*Utility Securities Risk.* Investments in utility sectors include the unique risks associated with decreases in the demand for utility company products and services, increased competition resulting from deregulation, and rising energy costs, among others. Such developments also could cause utility companies such as water, gas and electric companies, to reduce the dividends they pay on their stock, potentially decreasing the dividends you receive from the Fund. Water, gas and electric companies typically borrow heavily to support continuing operations. Increases in interest rates could increase these utility companies' borrowing costs, which could adversely impact their financial results and stock price, and ultimately the value of and total return on your Fund shares.

*Industry Concentration Risk.* A Fund that concentrates its investments in an industry or group of industries is more vulnerable to adverse market, economic, regulatory, political or other developments affecting such industry or group of industries than a fund that invests its assets more broadly.

*Debt Securities Risk.* Debt securities are subject to credit risk and interest rate risk. Credit risk is the possibility that the issuer or guarantor of a debt security may be unable, or perceived to be unable or unwilling, to pay interest or repay principal when they become due. In these instances, the value of an investment could decline and the Fund could lose money. Credit risk increases as an issuer's credit quality or financial strength declines. The credit quality of a debt security may deteriorate rapidly and cause significant deterioration in the Fund's net asset value. Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will change over time. When interest rates rise, the value of debt securities tends to fall. The longer the terms of the debt securities held by a Fund, the more the Fund is subject to this risk. If interest rates decline, interest that the Fund is able to earn on its investments in debt securities may also decline, which could cause the Fund to reduce the dividends it pays to shareholders, but the value of those securities may increase. Some debt securities give the issuers the option to call, redeem or prepay the securities before their maturity dates. If an issuer calls, redeems or prepays a debt security during a time of declining interest rates, the Fund might have to reinvest the proceeds in a security offering a lower yield, and therefore might not benefit from any increase in value as a result of declining interest rates. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from Fund performance to the extent the Fund is exposed to such interest rates. Interest rate changes and their impact on the Fund and its share price can be sudden and unpredictable. Changes in market conditions and government policies may lead to periods of heightened volatility in the debt securities market, reduced liquidity Fund investments and an increase in Fund redemptions.

*High Yield Securities Risk.* High yield securities and unrated securities of similar credit quality (commonly known as "junk bonds") are considered speculative and have a much greater risk of default (or in the case of bonds currently in default, of not returning principal) and their values tend to be more volatile than higher-rated securities with similar maturities. Additionally, these securities tend to be less liquid and more difficult to value than higher-rated securities.

*Leverage Risk.* The use of leverage through the issuance of preferred shares and/or debt securities, or from borrowing money, may result in certain risks to the Fund. Leveraging is a speculative technique, and there are special risks involved, including the risk that downside outcomes for common shareholders are magnified as a result of losses and declines in value of portfolio securities purchased with borrowed money. In addition, the costs of the financial leverage may exceed the income from investments made with such leverage, interest rates or dividends payable on the financial leverage may affect the yield and distributions to the common shareholders, and the net asset value and market value of common shares may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged. The use of leverage may cause the Fund to have to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so. There can be no assurance that any leveraging strategies will be successful.

Certain transactions, such as derivatives, also may give rise to a form of economic leverage. Because many derivatives have a leverage component (i.e.,



a notional value in excess of the assets needed to establish and/or maintain the derivative position), adverse changes in the value or level of the underlying asset, rate or index may result in a loss substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself.

*Anti-takeover Provisions Risk.* The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust and By-laws include provisions that could limit the ability of other entities or persons to acquire control of the Fund or to change the composition of its Board of Trustees. Such provisions could limit the ability of shareholders to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices by discouraging a third party from seeking to obtain control of the Fund. These provisions include staggered terms of office for the Trustees, advance notice requirements for shareholder proposals, and supermajority voting requirements for open-ending the Fund or a merger, liquidation, asset sale or similar transactions.

*Closed-end Fund Risk.* Closed-end funds involve investment risks different from those associated with other investment companies. Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at either a premium or discount relative to their net asset value ("NAV"). There can be no assurance that the discount will decrease. It is possible that a market discount may increase and the Fund may suffer realized or unrealized capital losses due to further decline in the market price of the securities held by the Fund, thereby adversely affecting the NAV of the Fund's shares. Similarly, there can be no assurance that the Fund's shares will trade at a premium, will continue to trade at a premium or that the premium will not decrease over time. The Fund's shares are designed primarily for long-term investors, and the Fund should not be viewed as a vehicle for short-term trading purposes.

*Convertible Securities Risk.* A convertible security has characteristics of both equity and debt securities and, as a result, is exposed to risks that are typically associated with both types of securities. The market value of a convertible security tends to decline as interest rates increase but also tends to reflect changes in the market price of the common stock of the issuing company. A convertible security is also exposed to the risk that an issuer is unable to meet its obligation to make dividend or interest and principal payments when due as a result of changing financial or market conditions. In the event of a liquidation of the issuer, holders of a convertible security would generally be paid only after holders of any senior debt obligations. A Fund may be forced to convert a convertible security before it would otherwise choose to do so, which may decrease the Fund's return.

*Derivatives Risk.* The use of derivatives, such as futures, options and swap agreements, presents risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional securities. The use of derivatives can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price or value of the derivatives' underlying assets, indexes or rates and the derivatives themselves, which may be magnified by certain features of the derivatives. These risks are heightened when derivatives are used to enhance a Fund's return or as a substitute for a position or security, rather than solely to hedge (or mitigate) the risk of a position or security held by the Fund. The success of a derivative strategy will be affected by the portfolio manager's ability to assess and predict market or economic developments and their impact on the derivatives' underlying assets, indexes or reference rates, as well as the derivatives themselves. Certain derivative instruments may become illiquid and, as a result, may be difficult to sell when the portfolio manager believes it would be appropriate to do so. Certain derivatives create leverage, which can magnify the impact of a decline in the value of their underlying assets, indexes or reference rates, and increase the volatility of the Fund's net asset value. Certain derivatives (e.g., over-the-counter swaps) are also subject to the risk that the counterparty to the derivative contract will be unwilling or unable to fulfill its contractual obligations, which may cause a Fund to lose money, suffer delays or incur costs arising from holding or selling an underlying asset. Changes in laws or regulations may make the use of derivatives more costly, may limit the availability of derivatives, or may otherwise adversely affect the use, value or performance of derivatives.

*Foreign Currency Risk.* The Fund may invest in non-dollar-denominated investments. The Fund may be limited in its ability to hedge the value of its non-dollar denominated investments against currency fluctuations. As a result, a decline in the value of currencies in which the Fund's investments are denominated against the dollar will result in a corresponding decline in the dollar value of the Fund's assets. These declines will in turn affect the Fund's income and net asset value.

*Foreign Investment Risk.* Foreign investments may be subject to lower liquidity, greater price volatility and risks related to adverse political, regulatory, market or economic developments. Foreign companies may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Foreign investments may involve exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Such changes may reduce the U.S. dollar value of the investments. Foreign investments may be subject to additional risks, such as potentially higher withholding and other taxes, and may also be subject to greater trade settlement, custodial, and other operational risks than domestic investments. Certain foreign markets may also be characterized by less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards.

*Growth/Value Investing Risk.* Securities that exhibit certain characteristics, such as growth characteristics or value characteristics, tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions. As a result, a Fund's performance may at times be worse than the performance of other mutual funds that invest more broadly or in securities that exhibit different characteristics.

*Investment Risk.* An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest. Your investment in the Fund represents an indirect investment in the securities owned by the Fund. The value of these securities may increase or decrease, at times rapidly and unexpectedly. Your investment in the Fund may at any point in the future be worth less than your original investment even after taking into account the reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

*Issuer Risk.* The value of corporate income-producing securities may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services.

*Loan Risk.* Loans may be unrated, less liquid and more difficult to value than traditional debt securities. Loans may be made to finance highly leveraged corporate operations or acquisitions. The highly leveraged capital structure of the borrowers in such transactions may make such loans especially vulnerable to adverse changes in financial, economic or market conditions. Loans generally are subject to restrictions on transfer, and only limited opportunities may exist to sell such loans in secondary markets. As a result, a Fund may be unable to sell loans at a desired time or price. If the Fund acquires only an assignment or a participation in a loan made by a third party, the Fund may not be able to control amendments, waivers or the exercise of any remedies that a lender would have under a direct loan and may assume liability as a lender.

*Market Capitalization Risk.* The Fund may invest the portion of its assets invested in utility securities in securities of companies of all market capitalizations. Stocks fall into three broad market capitalization categories—large, medium and small. Investing primarily in one category carries the risk that due to current market conditions that category may be out of favor with investors. If valuations of large capitalization companies appear to be greatly out of proportion to the valuations of small or medium capitalization companies, investors may migrate to the stocks of small- and mid-sized companies causing a fund that invests in these companies to increase in value more rapidly than a fund that invests in larger, fully-valued companies. Investing in medium and small capitalization companies may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, smaller management groups or greater dependence on a few key employees, and a more limited trading market for their stocks as compared to larger capitalization companies. As a result, stocks of small and medium capitalization companies may decline significantly in market downturns or their value may fluctuate more sharply than other securities.

*Market Price of Shares Risk.* Whether investors will realize a gain or loss upon the sale of the Fund's common shares will depend upon whether the market value of the shares at the time of sale is above or below the price the investor paid, taking into account transaction costs, for the shares and is not directly dependent upon the Fund's net asset value. Because the market value of the Fund's shares will be determined by factors such as the relative demand for and supply of the shares in the market, general market conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund, the Fund cannot predict whether its common shares will trade at, below or above net asset value, or below or above the initial offering price for the shares.

*Preferred Stock Risk.* The Fund may purchase preferred stock. Preferred stock, unlike common stock, has a stated dividend rate payable from the corporation's earnings. Preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or non-cumulative, participating, or auction rate. "Cumulative" dividend provisions require all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid. If interest rates rise, the fixed dividend on preferred stocks may be less attractive, causing the price of preferred stocks to decline. Preferred stock may have mandatory sinking fund provisions, as well as call/redemption provisions prior to maturity, which can be a negative feature when interest rates decline. The rights of preferred stock on distribution of a corporation's assets in the event of a liquidation are generally subordinate to the rights associated with a corporation's debt securities.

# Portfolio of investments

	SHARES	VALUE
<b>Common stocks: 83.09%</b>		
<b>Consumer discretionary: 0.00%</b>		
<b>Media: 0.00%</b>		
Intelsat Emergence SA ♦†	9	<u>\$ 0</u>
<b>Energy: 0.17%</b>		
<b>Energy equipment &amp; services: 0.10%</b>		
Bristow Group, Inc. †	3,368	<u>93,293</u>
<b>Oil, gas &amp; consumable fuels: 0.07%</b>		
Denbury, Inc. †	746	<u>68,319</u>
<b>Utilities: 82.92%</b>		
<b>Electric utilities: 48.09%</b>		
Alliant Energy Corp.	42,134	2,113,863
American Electric Power Co., Inc.	59,781	4,686,830
Constellation Energy Corp.	29,898	3,114,176
Duke Energy Corp.	54,150	4,808,520
Entergy Corp.	22,292	2,123,313
Evergy, Inc.	29,385	1,615,293
Eversource Energy	26,318	1,679,615
Exelon Corp.	109,843	4,406,901
FirstEnergy Corp.	59,028	2,129,140
NextEra Energy, Inc.	198,139	13,235,685
Southern Co.	70,453	4,771,782
Xcel Energy, Inc.	49,273	<u>2,814,967</u>
		<b><u>47,500,085</u></b>
<b>Gas utilities: 3.41%</b>		
Atmos Energy Corp.	29,092	<u>3,373,217</u>
<b>Multi-utilities: 28.60%</b>		
Ameren Corp.	38,992	3,090,896
CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	114,071	3,181,440
CMS Energy Corp.	59,487	3,342,575
Dominion Energy, Inc.	69,623	3,379,501
DTE Energy Co.	35,345	3,653,966
Public Service Enterprise Group, Inc.	53,828	3,287,814
Sempra Energy	74,910	5,260,180
WEC Energy Group, Inc.	36,310	<u>3,054,397</u>
		<b><u>28,250,769</u></b>
<b>Water utilities: 2.82%</b>		
American Water Works Co., Inc.	20,113	<u>2,790,478</u>
<b>Total common stocks (Cost \$75,872,027)</b>		<b><u>82,076,161</u></b>

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Corporate bonds and notes: 37.65%</b>				
<b>Basic materials: 0.06%</b>				
<b>Chemicals: 0.06%</b>				
Avient Corp. 144A	7.13%	8-1-2030	\$ 60,000	\$ <u>59,943</u>
<b>Communications: 6.56%</b>				
<b>Advertising: 0.53%</b>				
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. 144A	7.50	6-1-2029	150,000	111,794
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. 144A	9.00	9-15-2028	150,000	150,750
Outfront Media Capital LLC/Outfront Media Capital Corp. 144A	4.63	3-15-2030	225,000	182,929
Outfront Media Capital LLC/Outfront Media Capital Corp. 144A	5.00	8-15-2027	85,000	76,925
				<u>522,398</u>
<b>Internet: 1.84%</b>				
Arches Buyer, Inc. 144A	4.25	6-1-2028	125,000	108,731
Arches Buyer, Inc. 144A	6.13	12-1-2028	275,000	235,868
Cablevision Lightpath LLC 144A	3.88	9-15-2027	135,000	112,707
Cablevision Lightpath LLC 144A	5.63	9-15-2028	130,000	99,856
Match Group Holdings II LLC 144A	5.63	2-15-2029	545,000	513,732
Uber Technologies, Inc. 144A	4.50	8-15-2029	430,000	393,713
Uber Technologies, Inc. 144A	8.00	11-1-2026	350,000	356,369
				<u>1,820,976</u>
<b>Media: 3.85%</b>				
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. 144A	4.25	1-15-2034	635,000	486,281
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. 144A	4.50	8-15-2030	450,000	378,539
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp.	4.50	5-1-2032	50,000	40,535
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. 144A	5.00	2-1-2028	25,000	23,037
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. 144A	5.13	5-1-2027	250,000	235,022
CCO Holdings LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. 144A	5.50	5-1-2026	2,000	1,953
CSC Holdings LLC 144A	4.13	12-1-2030	230,000	164,007
CSC Holdings LLC 144A	4.63	12-1-2030	200,000	104,636
CSC Holdings LLC 144A	5.75	1-15-2030	325,000	179,718
Directv Financing LLC/Directv Financing Co.-Obligor, Inc. 144A	5.88	8-15-2027	90,000	79,760
DISH Network Corp. 144A	11.75	11-15-2027	135,000	136,977
Gray Escrow II, Inc. 144A	5.38	11-15-2031	600,000	418,888
Gray Television, Inc. 144A	4.75	10-15-2030	250,000	174,557
Nexstar Media, Inc. 144A	5.63	7-15-2027	125,000	117,493
Scripps Escrow II, Inc. 144A	5.38	1-15-2031	425,000	303,580
Scripps Escrow, Inc. 144A	5.88	7-15-2027	175,000	141,397
Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 144A	4.13	7-1-2030	395,000	322,016
Townsquare Media, Inc. 144A	6.88	2-1-2026	510,000	490,875
				<u>3,799,271</u>
<b>Telecommunications: 0.34%</b>				
CommScope Technologies LLC 144A	5.00	3-15-2027	135,000	75,057
CommScope, Inc. 144A	4.75	9-1-2029	60,000	44,589
CommScope, Inc. 144A	6.00	3-1-2026	235,000	213,560
				<u>333,206</u>

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Consumer, cyclical: 7.49%</b>				
<b>Airlines: 0.65%</b>				
Hawaiian Airlines Pass-Through Certificates Series 2013-1 Class A	3.90%	1-15-2026	\$ 130,060	\$ 117,694
Hawaiian Brand Intellectual Property Ltd./HawaiianMiles Loyalty Ltd. 144A	5.75	1-20-2026	195,000	180,446
Spirit Loyalty Cayman Ltd./Spirit IP Cayman Ltd. 144A	8.00	9-20-2025	345,000	345,377
				<b>643,517</b>
<b>Apparel: 0.41%</b>				
Crocs, Inc. 144A	4.13	8-15-2031	95,000	75,288
Crocs, Inc. 144A	4.25	3-15-2029	260,000	219,237
Hanesbrands, Inc. 144A	4.88	5-15-2026	115,000	107,502
				<b>402,027</b>
<b>Auto manufacturers: 1.15%</b>				
Allison Transmission, Inc. 144A	5.88	6-1-2029	170,000	164,190
Ford Motor Co.	3.25	2-12-2032	175,000	136,607
Ford Motor Co.	4.75	1-15-2043	180,000	134,569
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC	4.39	1-8-2026	220,000	207,925
Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC	5.11	5-3-2029	535,000	492,099
				<b>1,135,390</b>
<b>Auto parts &amp; equipment: 0.19%</b>				
Adient Global Holdings Ltd. 144A	4.88	8-15-2026	80,000	77,044
Cooper Tire & Rubber Co.	7.63	3-15-2027	107,000	106,465
				<b>183,509</b>
<b>Distribution/wholesale: 0.35%</b>				
G-III Apparel Group Ltd. 144A	7.88	8-15-2025	355,000	<b>347,900</b>
<b>Entertainment: 1.56%</b>				
CCM Merger, Inc. 144A	6.38	5-1-2026	585,000	568,498
Churchill Downs, Inc. 144A	4.75	1-15-2028	250,000	230,568
Churchill Downs, Inc. 144A	6.75	5-1-2031	45,000	44,022
Cinemark USA, Inc. 144A	5.25	7-15-2028	120,000	106,589
Cinemark USA, Inc. 144A	5.88	3-15-2026	65,000	62,401
Cinemark USA, Inc. 144A	8.75	5-1-2025	132,000	133,333
Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. 144A	3.75	1-15-2028	140,000	124,665
Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. 144A	5.63	3-15-2026	48,000	46,557
Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. 144A	6.50	5-15-2027	225,000	225,174
				<b>1,541,807</b>
<b>Home builders: 0.38%</b>				
Toll Brothers Finance Corp.	4.35	2-15-2028	105,000	98,533
Tri Pointe Group, Inc./Tri Pointe Homes, Inc.	5.88	6-15-2024	110,000	109,725
Tri Pointe Homes, Inc.	5.70	6-15-2028	180,000	170,647
				<b>378,905</b>

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Housewares: 0.12%</b>				
Newell Brands, Inc.	4.70%	4-1-2026	\$ 125,000	\$ <u>119,763</u>
<b>Leisure time: 0.72%</b>				
Carnival Holdings Bermuda Ltd. 144A	10.38	5-1-2028	340,000	369,779
NCL Corp. Ltd. 144A	5.88	3-15-2026	175,000	165,004
NCL Corp. Ltd. 144A	5.88	2-15-2027	75,000	72,678
NCL Corp. Ltd. 144A	7.75	2-15-2029	110,000	104,646
				<u>712,107</u>
<b>Retail: 1.96%</b>				
Bath & Body Works, Inc. 144A	6.63	10-1-2030	160,000	156,052
Dave & Buster's, Inc. 144A	7.63	11-1-2025	70,000	70,695
FirstCash, Inc. 144A	4.63	9-1-2028	205,000	182,329
LBM Acquisition LLC 144A	6.25	1-15-2029	145,000	126,524
LSF9 Atlantis Holdings LLC/Victra Finance Corp. 144A	7.75	2-15-2026	370,000	337,165
Macy's Retail Holdings LLC 144A	5.88	4-1-2029	240,000	216,955
Macy's Retail Holdings LLC 144A	6.13	3-15-2032	155,000	132,913
Michaels Cos., Inc. 144A	7.88	5-1-2029	250,000	173,300
NMG Holding Co., Inc./Neiman Marcus Group LLC 144A	7.13	4-1-2026	195,000	185,331
PetSmart, Inc./PetSmart Finance Corp. 144A	4.75	2-15-2028	130,000	116,614
PetSmart, Inc./PetSmart Finance Corp. 144A	7.75	2-15-2029	250,000	238,753
				<u>1,936,631</u>
<b>Consumer, non-cyclical: 3.88%</b>				
<b>Commercial services: 2.62%</b>				
Allied Universal Holdco LLC/Allied Universal Finance Corp. 144A	6.00	6-1-2029	385,000	294,441
Allied Universal Holdco LLC/Allied Universal Finance Corp. 144A	6.63	7-15-2026	115,000	109,381
CoreCivic, Inc.	8.25	4-15-2026	635,000	637,520
MPH Acquisition Holdings LLC 144A	5.50	9-1-2028	125,000	106,154
MPH Acquisition Holdings LLC 144A	5.75	11-1-2028	340,000	254,684
PECF USS Intermediate Holding III Corp. 144A	8.00	11-15-2029	275,000	175,385
Prime Security Services Borrower LLC/Prime Finance, Inc. 144A	6.25	1-15-2028	165,000	157,146
Sabre Global, Inc. 144A	9.25	4-15-2025	47,000	46,301
Sabre Global, Inc. 144A	11.25	12-15-2027	480,000	457,602
Service Corp. International	7.50	4-1-2027	140,000	143,464
Upbound Group, Inc. 144A	6.38	2-15-2029	225,000	204,412
				<u>2,586,490</u>
<b>Healthcare-services: 1.26%</b>				
Catalent Pharma Solutions, Inc. 144A	5.00	7-15-2027	130,000	121,387
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. 144A	5.25	5-15-2030	145,000	114,351
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. 144A	6.00	1-15-2029	10,000	8,375
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. 144A	8.00	3-15-2026	115,000	112,258
IQVIA, Inc. 144A	6.50	5-15-2030	180,000	180,963
Pediatrix Medical Group, Inc. 144A	5.38	2-15-2030	110,000	100,315
Select Medical Corp. 144A	6.25	8-15-2026	260,000	257,536

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Healthcare-services (continued)</b>				
Tenet Healthcare Corp.	4.88%	1-1-2026	\$ 100,000	\$ 96,938
Tenet Healthcare Corp. 144A	6.75	5-15-2031	255,000	253,738
				<u>1,245,861</u>
<b>Energy: 7.17%</b>				
<b>Energy-alternate sources: 1.37%</b>				
Enviva Partners LP/Enviva Partners Finance Corp. 144A	6.50	1-15-2026	855,000	728,888
TerraForm Power Operating LLC 144A	4.75	1-15-2030	175,000	149,976
TerraForm Power Operating LLC 144A	5.00	1-31-2028	525,000	476,779
				<u>1,355,643</u>
<b>Oil &amp; gas: 1.94%</b>				
Aethon United BR LP/Aethon United Finance Corp. 144A	8.25	2-15-2026	430,000	432,150
Encino Acquisition Partners Holdings LLC 144A	8.50	5-1-2028	400,000	379,280
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A	5.75	2-1-2029	200,000	185,500
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A	6.00	4-15-2030	30,000	27,891
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A	6.00	2-1-2031	55,000	50,382
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A	6.25	11-1-2028	170,000	163,995
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A	6.25	4-15-2032	30,000	27,530
Nabors Industries Ltd. 144A	7.50	1-15-2028	35,000	32,286
Nabors Industries, Inc. 144A	7.38	5-15-2027	225,000	219,578
Southwestern Energy Co.	4.75	2-1-2032	130,000	115,161
Southwestern Energy Co.	8.38	9-15-2028	110,000	114,493
Vital Energy, Inc.	9.50	1-15-2025	165,000	165,825
				<u>1,914,071</u>
<b>Oil &amp; gas services: 0.63%</b>				
Bristow Group, Inc. 144A	6.88	3-1-2028	335,000	313,352
Oceaneering International, Inc.	4.65	11-15-2024	105,000	102,806
Oceaneering International, Inc.	6.00	2-1-2028	225,000	211,516
				<u>627,674</u>
<b>Pipelines: 3.23%</b>				
Buckeye Partners LP 144A	4.50	3-1-2028	25,000	22,688
Buckeye Partners LP	5.85	11-15-2043	150,000	116,433
CQP Holdco LP/BIP-V Chinook Holdco LLC 144A	5.50	6-15-2031	295,000	269,181
DT Midstream, Inc. 144A	4.13	6-15-2029	85,000	75,303
DT Midstream, Inc. 144A	4.38	6-15-2031	225,000	194,785
EnLink Midstream LLC	5.38	6-1-2029	297,000	283,161
EnLink Midstream LLC 144A	5.63	1-15-2028	35,000	33,858
EnLink Midstream LLC 144A	6.50	9-1-2030	250,000	250,639
EnLink Midstream Partners LP	5.05	4-1-2045	210,000	167,485
EnLink Midstream Partners LP	5.60	4-1-2044	75,000	63,953
Harvest Midstream I LP 144A	7.50	9-1-2028	145,000	145,318
Hess Midstream Operations LP 144A	5.50	10-15-2030	80,000	74,894
Kinetik Holdings LP 144A	5.88	6-15-2030	240,000	232,442
Rockies Express Pipeline LLC 144A	4.95	7-15-2029	65,000	59,493
Rockies Express Pipeline LLC 144A	6.88	4-15-2040	285,000	256,374

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Pipelines (continued)</b>				
Tallgrass Energy Partners LP/Tallgrass Energy Finance Corp. 144A	6.00%	12-31-2030	\$ 270,000	\$ 241,540
Tallgrass Energy Partners LP/Tallgrass Energy Finance Corp. 144A	6.00	9-1-2031	125,000	111,015
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass LLC 144A	3.88	11-1-2033	35,000	28,437
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass LLC 144A	6.25	1-15-2030	260,000	253,282
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 144A	8.38	6-1-2031	305,000	307,652
				<u>3,187,933</u>
<b>Financial: 5.68%</b>				
<b>Diversified financial services: 2.71%</b>				
Enact Holdings, Inc. 144A	6.50	8-15-2025	625,000	619,355
Home Point Capital, Inc. 144A	5.00	2-1-2026	65,000	61,033
LPL Holdings, Inc. 144A	4.38	5-15-2031	325,000	285,513
Nationstar Mortgage Holdings, Inc. 144A	6.00	1-15-2027	155,000	147,637
Navient Corp.	5.00	3-15-2027	130,000	118,245
Navient Corp.	5.88	10-25-2024	225,000	221,626
OneMain Finance Corp.	5.38	11-15-2029	75,000	64,785
OneMain Finance Corp.	6.13	3-15-2024	25,000	24,984
OneMain Finance Corp.	7.13	3-15-2026	125,000	122,968
Oppenheimer Holdings, Inc.	5.50	10-1-2025	225,000	214,594
PRA Group, Inc. 144A	5.00	10-1-2029	414,000	312,206
Rocket Mortgage LLC/Rocket Mortgage Co-Issuer, Inc. 144A	2.88	10-15-2026	135,000	119,981
Rocket Mortgage LLC/Rocket Mortgage Co-Issuer, Inc. 144A	4.00	10-15-2033	105,000	83,019
United Wholesale Mortgage LLC 144A	5.50	11-15-2025	170,000	163,401
United Wholesale Mortgage LLC 144A	5.50	4-15-2029	130,000	112,775
				<u>2,672,122</u>
<b>Insurance: 0.82%</b>				
AmWINS Group, Inc. 144A	4.88	6-30-2029	315,000	282,633
AssuredPartners, Inc. 144A	5.63	1-15-2029	135,000	117,278
BroadStreet Partners, Inc. 144A	5.88	4-15-2029	430,000	378,412
HUB International Ltd. 144A	7.25	6-15-2030	30,000	30,537
				<u>808,860</u>
<b>REITS: 2.15%</b>				
Boston Properties LP	3.40	6-21-2029	153,000	130,877
GLP Capital LP/GLP Financing II, Inc.	3.25	1-15-2032	160,000	129,005
HAT Holdings I LLC/HAT Holdings II LLC 144A	3.38	6-15-2026	65,000	58,372
HAT Holdings I LLC/HAT Holdings II LLC 144A	6.00	4-15-2025	55,000	53,986
Iron Mountain, Inc. 144A	4.50	2-15-2031	250,000	214,762
Iron Mountain, Inc. 144A	5.25	7-15-2030	315,000	284,233
Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP/Ladder Capital Finance Corp. 144A	4.25	2-1-2027	50,000	45,217
Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP/Ladder Capital Finance Corp. 144A	5.25	10-1-2025	195,000	187,363
MPT Operating Partnership LP/MPT Finance Corp.	3.50	3-15-2031	400,000	259,240
Service Properties Trust	4.35	10-1-2024	125,000	120,263
Service Properties Trust	4.75	10-1-2026	125,000	108,653
Service Properties Trust	5.25	2-15-2026	75,000	69,067



	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>REITS (continued)</b>				
Service Properties Trust	7.50%	9-15-2025	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,821
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. 144A	4.38	1-15-2027	245,000	218,800
Starwood Property Trust, Inc.	4.75	3-15-2025	90,000	87,006
Vornado Realty LP	2.15	6-1-2026	85,000	73,473
Vornado Realty LP	3.40	6-1-2031	95,000	70,106
				<u>2,125,244</u>
<b>Industrial: 3.95%</b>				
<b>Aerospace/defense: 0.78%</b>				
Spirit AeroSystems, Inc. 144A	7.50	4-15-2025	342,000	337,762
Spirit AeroSystems, Inc. 144A	9.38	11-30-2029	185,000	192,791
TransDigm, Inc.	7.50	3-15-2027	245,000	245,473
				<u>776,026</u>
<b>Building materials: 0.64%</b>				
Camelot Return Merger Sub, Inc. 144A	8.75	8-1-2028	395,000	394,012
Emerald Debt Merger Sub LLC 144A	6.63	12-15-2030	240,000	236,261
				<u>630,273</u>
<b>Hand/machine tools: 0.66%</b>				
Werner FinCo LP/Werner FinCo, Inc. 144A	11.50	6-15-2028	290,000	301,026
Werner FinCo LP/Werner FinCo, Inc. (PIK at 14.50%) 144A	14.50	10-15-2028	395,000	347,600
				<u>648,626</u>
<b>Machinery-diversified: 0.45%</b>				
Chart Industries, Inc. 144A	7.50	1-1-2030	45,000	46,109
Chart Industries, Inc. 144A	9.50	1-1-2031	75,000	80,753
TK Elevator U.S. Newco, Inc. 144A	5.25	7-15-2027	335,000	314,029
				<u>440,891</u>
<b>Packaging &amp; containers: 1.01%</b>				
Berry Global, Inc. 144A	5.63	7-15-2027	270,000	264,667
Clearwater Paper Corp. 144A	5.38	2-1-2025	355,000	344,168
Clydesdale Acquisition Holdings, Inc. 144A	8.75	4-15-2030	255,000	230,606
Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc. 144A	7.25	5-15-2031	155,000	156,387
				<u>995,828</u>
<b>Trucking &amp; leasing: 0.41%</b>				
Fortress Transportation & Infrastructure Investors LLC 144A	5.50	5-1-2028	90,000	83,602
Fortress Transportation & Infrastructure Investors LLC 144A	6.50	10-1-2025	329,000	324,865
				<u>408,467</u>
<b>Technology: 1.10%</b>				
<b>Computers: 0.72%</b>				
McAfee Corp. 144A	7.38	2-15-2030	100,000	87,491
NCR Corp. 144A	6.13	9-1-2029	260,000	267,783
Seagate HDD Cayman	4.13	1-15-2031	219,000	178,868

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Computers (continued)</b>				
Seagate HDD Cayman 144A	8.25%	12-15-2029	\$ 30,000	\$ 31,470
Seagate HDD Cayman 144A	8.50	7-15-2031	140,000	146,679
				<u>712,291</u>
<b>Software: 0.38%</b>				
Cloud Software Group, Inc. 144A	9.00	9-30-2029	200,000	178,775
SS&C Technologies, Inc. 144A	5.50	9-30-2027	200,000	192,540
				<u>371,315</u>
<b>Utilities: 1.76%</b>				
<b>Electric: 1.76%</b>				
NextEra Energy Operating Partners LP 144A	4.25	9-15-2024	2,000	1,915
NSG Holdings LLC/NSG Holdings, Inc. 144A	7.75	12-15-2025	172,395	171,533
Pattern Energy Operations LP/Pattern Energy Operations, Inc. 144A	4.50	8-15-2028	500,000	455,204
PG&E Corp.	5.25	7-1-2030	615,000	546,379
Vistra Corp. (5 Year Treasury Constant Maturity +5.74%) 144A <sup>0±</sup>	7.00	12-15-2026	275,000	254,529
Vistra Operations Co. LLC 144A	4.38	5-1-2029	110,000	96,987
Vistra Operations Co. LLC 144A	5.63	2-15-2027	225,000	216,610
				<u>1,743,157</u>
<b>Total corporate bonds and notes (Cost \$39,353,150)</b>				<u><b>37,188,122</b></u>
<b>Loans: 2.38%</b>				
<b>Communications: 0.43%</b>				
<b>Advertising: 0.09%</b>				
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. (U.S. SOFR 3 Month +3.50%) ±	9.13	8-21-2026	89,075	<u>86,959</u>
<b>Media: 0.19%</b>				
Hubbard Radio LLC (1 Month LIBOR +4.25%) ±	9.70	3-28-2025	200,017	<u>191,717</u>
<b>Telecommunications: 0.15%</b>				
Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA (U.S. SOFR 3 Month +4.25%) ±	9.77	2-1-2029	151,424	<u>151,340</u>
<b>Consumer, cyclical: 0.36%</b>				
<b>Airlines: 0.36%</b>				
Mileage Plus Holdings LLC (3 Month LIBOR +5.25%) ±	10.76	6-21-2027	200,000	208,340
SkyMiles IP Ltd. (U.S. SOFR 3 Month +3.75%) ±	9.08	10-20-2027	141,368	147,006
				<u>355,346</u>
<b>Consumer, non-cyclical: 0.76%</b>				
<b>Commercial services: 0.70%</b>				
Geo Group, Inc. (U.S. SOFR 1 Month +7.13%) ±	12.46	3-23-2027	683,783	<u>694,150</u>
<b>Healthcare-services: 0.06%</b>				
Surgery Center Holdings, Inc. (U.S. SOFR 1 Month +3.75%) ±	9.18	8-31-2026	52,181	<u>52,242</u>

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Energy: 0.21%</b>				
<b>Pipelines: 0.21%</b>				
GIP II Blue Holding LP (U.S. SOFR 1 Month +4.50%) ±	9.95%	9-29-2028	\$ 126,704	\$ 126,950
M6 ETX Holdings II Midco LLC (U.S. SOFR 1 Month +4.50%) ±	9.92	9-19-2029	84,363	84,116
				<u>211,066</u>
<b>Financial: 0.58%</b>				
<b>Diversified financial services: 0.14%</b>				
Resolute Investment Managers, Inc. (3 Month LIBOR +4.25%) ±	9.79	4-30-2024	156,885	94,393
Resolute Investment Managers, Inc. (U.S. SOFR 3 Month +8.00%) ‡±	13.63	4-30-2025	105,857	42,343
				<u>136,736</u>
<b>Insurance: 0.44%</b>				
Asurion LLC (3 Month LIBOR +3.25%) ±	8.79	12-23-2026	351,990	341,870
Asurion LLC (U.S. SOFR 1 Month +5.25%) ±	10.70	1-31-2028	105,000	93,745
				<u>435,615</u>
<b>Industrial: 0.04%</b>				
<b>Machinery-diversified: 0.04%</b>				
Vertical U.S. Newco, Inc. (U.S. SOFR 6 Month +3.50%) ±	9.38	7-30-2027	40,699	40,620
<b>Total loans (Cost \$2,447,475)</b>				<u>2,355,791</u>
		EXPIRATION DATE	SHARES	
<b>Rights: 0.00%</b>				
<b>Communication services: 0.00%</b>				
<b>Diversified telecommunication services: 0.00%</b>				
Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA ♦†		12-5-2025	922	0
<b>Total rights (Cost \$0)</b>				<u>0</u>
		MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	
<b>Yankee corporate bonds and notes: 5.57%</b>				
<b>Communications: 0.42%</b>				
<b>Media: 0.26%</b>				
Videotron Ltd. 144A	5.13	4-15-2027	\$ 270,000	258,525
<b>Telecommunications: 0.16%</b>				
Altice France SA 144A	8.13	2-1-2027	190,000	160,577
Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA ♦	5.50	8-1-2023	470,000	0
				<u>160,577</u>
<b>Consumer, cyclical: 2.42%</b>				
<b>Airlines: 0.73%</b>				
Air Canada Pass-Through Trust Series 2020-1 Class C 144A	10.50	7-15-2026	340,000	368,849
American Airlines, Inc./AAdvantage Loyalty IP Ltd. 144A	5.50	4-20-2026	73,333	71,961

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Airlines (continued)</b>				
American Airlines, Inc./AAAdvantage Loyalty IP Ltd. 144A	5.75%	4-20-2029	\$ 120,000	\$ 114,766
VistaJet Malta Finance PLC/Vista Management Holding, Inc. 144A	9.50	6-1-2028	175,000	161,490
				<b>717,066</b>
<b>Leisure time: 1.46%</b>				
Carnival Corp. 144A	4.00	8-1-2028	150,000	134,221
Carnival Corp. 144A	6.00	5-1-2029	290,000	261,834
Carnival Corp. 144A	7.00	8-15-2029	65,000	65,953
Carnival Corp. 144A	7.63	3-1-2026	85,000	84,742
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 144A	5.38	7-15-2027	25,000	23,525
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 144A	5.50	8-31-2026	95,000	91,031
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 144A	5.50	4-1-2028	420,000	393,708
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 144A	9.25	1-15-2029	140,000	149,219
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 144A	11.63	8-15-2027	215,000	234,269
				<b>1,438,502</b>
<b>Retail: 0.23%</b>				
1011778 BC ULC/New Red Finance, Inc. 144A	4.00	10-15-2030	275,000	<b>232,966</b>
<b>Consumer, non-cyclical: 0.59%</b>				
<b>Pharmaceuticals: 0.59%</b>				
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV	6.00	4-15-2024	225,000	223,595
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV	6.75	3-1-2028	115,000	114,865
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV	8.13	9-15-2031	230,000	243,679
				<b>582,139</b>
<b>Energy: 0.36%</b>				
<b>Coal: 0.00%</b>				
Griffin Coal Mining Co. Pty. Ltd. 144A♦†	9.50	12-1-2049	60,958	<b>0</b>
<b>Pipelines: 0.36%</b>				
Northriver Midstream Finance LP 144A	5.63	2-15-2026	365,000	<b>350,856</b>
<b>Financial: 0.58%</b>				
<b>Diversified financial services: 0.58%</b>				
Castlelake Aviation Finance DAC 144A	5.00	4-15-2027	365,000	336,482
Macquarie Airfinance Holdings Ltd. 144A	8.38	5-1-2028	230,000	234,834
				<b>571,316</b>
<b>Industrial: 0.89%</b>				
<b>Electronics: 0.34%</b>				
Sensata Technologies BV 144A	4.00	4-15-2029	220,000	193,230
Sensata Technologies BV 144A	5.88	9-1-2030	155,000	146,647
				<b>339,877</b>

	INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL	VALUE
<b>Packaging &amp; containers: 0.27%</b>				
Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance USA LLC/Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance PLC 144A	4.00%	9-1-2029	\$ 140,000	\$ 113,792
Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance USA LLC/Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance PLC 144A	6.00	6-15-2027	155,000	151,143
				<u>264,935</u>
<b>Trucking &amp; leasing: 0.28%</b>				
Fly Leasing Ltd. 144A	7.00	10-15-2024	310,000	<u>276,552</u>
<b>Utilities: 0.31%</b>				
<b>Electric: 0.31%</b>				
Drax Finco PLC 144A	6.63	11-1-2025	315,000	<u>308,934</u>
<b>Total yankee corporate bonds and notes (Cost \$5,676,606)</b>				<u><b>5,502,245</b></u>
	YIELD		SHARES	
<b>Short-term investments: 1.19%</b>				
<b>Investment companies: 1.19%</b>				
Allspring Government Money Market Fund Select Class $\clubsuit\infty$	5.26		1,178,650	<u>1,178,650</u>
<b>Total short-term investments (Cost \$1,178,650)</b>				<u><b>1,178,650</b></u>
<b>Total investments in securities (Cost \$124,527,908)</b>	129.88%			128,300,969
Other assets and liabilities, net	(29.88)			(29,517,448)
<b>Total net assets</b>	<u><b>100.00%</b></u>			<u><b>\$ 98,783,521</b></u>

◆ The security is fair valued in accordance with procedures approved by the Board of Trustees.

† Non-income-earning security

144A The security may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers, pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933.

¥ A payment-in-kind (PIK) security is a security in which the issuer may make interest or dividend payments in cash or additional securities or a combination of both. The rate shown is the rate in effect at period end.

∞ Security is perpetual in nature and has no stated maturity date. The date shown reflects the next call date.

± Variable rate investment. The rate shown is the rate in effect at period end.

‡ Security is valued using significant unobservable inputs.

♣ The issuer of the security is an affiliated person of the Fund as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

∞ The rate represents the 7-day annualized yield at period end.

Abbreviations:

LIBOR London Interbank Offered Rate

REIT Real estate investment trust

SOFR Secured Overnight Financing Rate

**Investments in affiliates**

An affiliated investment is an investment in which the Fund owns at least 5% of the outstanding voting shares of the issuer or as a result of other relationships, such as the Fund and the issuer having the same adviser or investment manager. Transactions with issuers that were affiliates of the Fund at the end of the period were as follows:

	VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	PURCHASES	SALES PROCEEDS	NET REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	NET CHANGE IN UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	VALUE, END OF PERIOD	SHARES, END OF PERIOD	INCOME FROM AFFILIATED SECURITIES
<b>Short-term investments</b>								
Allspring Government Money Market Fund Select Class	\$3,237,394	\$17,647,776	\$(19,706,520)	\$0	\$0	\$1,178,650	1,178,650	\$66,530

# Financial statements

## Statement of assets and liabilities

Assets	
Investments in unaffiliated securities, at value (cost \$123,349,258)	\$127,122,319
Investments in affiliated securities, at value (cost \$1,178,650)	1,178,650
Cash	36
Receivable for dividends and interest	1,319,919
Receivable for investments sold	294,382
Prepaid expenses and other assets	8,897
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>129,924,203</b>
Liabilities	
Secured borrowing payable	30,000,000
Dividends payable	645,906
Payable for investments purchased	238,329
Advisory fee payable	55,302
Administration fee payable	5,530
Trustees' fees and expenses payable	4,621
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	190,994
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>31,140,682</b>
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 98,783,521</b>
Net assets consist of	
Paid-in capital	\$ 98,562,922
Total distributable earnings	220,599
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 98,783,521</b>
Net asset value per share	
Based on \$98,783,521 divided by 9,292,262 shares issued and outstanding (unlimited number of shares authorized)	\$10.63

## Statement of operations

### Investment income

Interest	\$ 3,167,520
Dividends	2,889,376
Income from affiliated securities	66,530
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>6,123,426</b>

### Expenses

Advisory fee	689,213
Administration fee	68,921
Custody and accounting fees	19,885
Professional fees	134,204
Shareholder report expenses	78,262
Trustees' fees and expenses	31,109
Transfer agent fees	48,392
Interest expense	1,550,378
Other fees and expenses	17,304
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>2,637,668</b>
<b>Net investment income</b>	<b>3,485,758</b>

### Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments

Net realized losses on	
Unaffiliated securities	(2,200,247)
Foreign currency and foreign currency translations	(15)
<b>Net realized losses on investments</b>	<b>(2,200,262)</b>
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on	
Unaffiliated securities	(14,492,930)
Foreign currency and foreign currency translations	4,554
<b>Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments</b>	<b>(14,488,376)</b>
<b>Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments</b>	<b>(16,688,638)</b>
<b>Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ (13,202,880)</b>



## Statement of changes in net assets

	YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023	YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022
<b>Operations</b>		
Net investment income	\$ 3,485,758	\$ 4,028,760
Net realized losses on investments	(2,200,262)	(94,809)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(14,488,376)	858,474
<b>Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>(13,202,880)</b>	<b>4,792,425</b>
<b>Distributions to shareholders from</b>		
Net investment income and net realized gains	(3,584,511)	(4,273,223)
Tax basis return of capital	(4,588,782)	(4,078,136)
<b>Total distributions to shareholders</b>	<b>(8,173,293)</b>	<b>(8,351,359)</b>
<b>Capital share transactions</b>		
Net asset value of common shares issued under the Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan	0	108,832
<b>Total decrease in net assets</b>	<b>(21,376,173)</b>	<b>(3,450,102)</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		
<b>Beginning of period</b>	<b>120,159,694</b>	<b>123,609,796</b>
<b>End of period</b>	<b>\$ 98,783,521</b>	<b>\$ 120,159,694</b>

## Statement of cash flows

### Cash flows from operating activities

Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	\$ (13,202,880)
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### Adjustments to reconcile net decrease in net assets from operations to net cash provided in operating activities

Purchases of long-term securities	(23,768,345)
Proceeds from the sales of long-term securities	26,747,132
Amortization, net	(117,564)
Purchases and sales of short-term securities, net	2,058,744
Increase in receivable for investments sold	(520)
Increase in receivable for dividends and interest	(6,581)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(5,837)
Decrease in payable for investments purchased	(327,741)
Increase in trustees' fees and expenses payable	4,621
Decrease in advisory fee payable	(10,136)
Increase in administration fee payable	5,530
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	163,649
Proceeds from foreign currency transactions	4,539
Net realized losses on unaffiliated securities	2,200,247
Net realized losses on foreign currency and foreign currency translations	15
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on unaffiliated securities	14,492,930
Net change in unrealized gain (losses) on foreign currency and foreign currency translations	(4,554)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>8,233,249</b>

### Cash flows from financing activities

Cash distributions paid	(8,233,213)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(8,233,213)</b>
<b>Net increase in cash</b>	<b>36</b>

### Cash

Beginning of period	0
<b>End of period</b>	<b>\$ 36</b>

### Supplemental cash disclosure

Cash paid for interest	\$ 1,400,178
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participation. When the Fund purchases assignments from lenders, it acquires direct rights against the borrower on the loan and may enforce compliance by the borrower with the terms of the loan agreement. Loans may include fully funded term loans or unfunded loan commitments, which are contractual obligations for future funding.

Unfunded loan commitments represent the remaining obligation of the Fund to the borrower. At any point in time, up to the maturity date of the issue, the borrower may demand the unfunded portion. Unfunded amounts, if any, are marked to market and any unrealized gains or losses are recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

## Security transactions and income recognition

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses are recorded on the basis of identified cost.

Interest income is accrued daily and bond discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized daily. To the extent debt obligations are placed on non-accrual status, any related interest income may be reduced by writing off interest receivables when the collection of all or a portion of interest has been determined to be doubtful based on consistently applied procedures and the fair value has decreased. If the issuer subsequently resumes interest payments or when the collectability of interest is reasonably assured, the debt obligation is removed from non-accrual status.

Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

## Distributions to shareholders

Under a managed distribution plan, the Fund pays monthly distributions to shareholders at an annual minimum fixed rate of 7% based on the Fund's average monthly net asset value per share over the prior 12 months. The monthly distributions may be sourced from income, paid-in capital, and/or capital gains, if any. To the extent that sufficient investment income is not available on a monthly basis, the Fund may distribute paid-in capital and/or capital gains, if any, in order to maintain its managed distribution level.

Distributions to shareholders from net investment income and net realized gains, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Such distributions are determined in accordance with income tax regulations and may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Dividend sources are estimated at the time of declaration. The tax character of distributions is determined as of the Fund's fiscal year end. Therefore, a portion of the Fund's distributions made prior to the Fund's fiscal year end may be categorized as a tax return of capital at year end.

## Federal and other taxes

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by distributing substantially all of its investment company taxable income and any net realized capital gains (after reduction for capital loss carryforwards) sufficient to relieve it from all, or substantially all, federal income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes was required.

The Fund's income and federal excise tax returns and all financial records supporting those returns for the prior three fiscal years are subject to examination by the federal and Delaware revenue authorities. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal, state, and foreign tax returns, as applicable, for all open tax years and does not believe that there are any uncertain tax positions that require recognition of a tax liability.

As of August 31, 2023, the aggregate cost of all investments for federal income tax purposes was \$124,803,869 and the unrealized gains (losses) consisted of:

Gross unrealized gains	\$11,275,229
Gross unrealized losses	(7,778,129)
<b>Net unrealized gains</b>	<b>\$ 3,497,100</b>

As of August 31, 2023, the Fund had capital loss carryforwards which consist of \$581,818 in short-term capital losses and \$2,015,846 in long-term capital losses.





## II. SUBSEQUENT DISTRIBUTIONS

Under the managed distribution plan, the Fund declared the following distributions to common shareholders:

DECLARATION DATE	RECORD DATE	PAYABLE DATE	PER SHARE AMOUNT
August 16, 2023	September 12, 2023	October 2, 2023	\$0.06951
September 29, 2023	October 13, 2023	November 1, 2023	0.06891

These distributions are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.



## To the Shareholders of the Fund and Board of Trustees Allspring Utilities and High Income Fund:

### *Opinion on the Financial Statements*

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of Allspring Utilities and High Income Fund (the Fund), including the portfolio of investments, as of August 31, 2023, the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the related notes (collectively, the financial statements) and the financial highlights for each of the years in the five-year period then ended. In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of August 31, 2023, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the years in the five-year period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

### *Basis for Opinion*

These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and financial highlights, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Such procedures also included confirmation of securities owned as of August 31, 2023, by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent, agent banks and brokers, or by other appropriate auditing procedures. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and financial highlights. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

**KPMG LLP**

We have not been able to determine the specific year that we began serving as the auditor of one or more Allspring Funds investment companies; however, we are aware that we have served as the auditor of one or more Allspring Funds investment companies since at least 1955.

Boston, Massachusetts  
October 26, 2023

## Other information

### Tax information

For corporate shareholders, pursuant to Section 854 of the Internal Revenue Code, 74% of ordinary income dividends qualify for the corporate dividends-received deduction for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023.

Pursuant to Section 854 of the Internal Revenue Code, \$2,692,682 of income dividends paid during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023 has been designated as qualified dividend income (QDI).

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, \$1,695,754 has been designated as interest-related dividends for nonresident alien shareholders pursuant to Section 871 of the Internal Revenue Code.

### Proxy voting information

A description of the policies and procedures used to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge, upon request, by calling **1-866-259-3305**, visiting our website at **allspringglobal.com**, or visiting the SEC website at **sec.gov**. Information regarding how the proxies related to portfolio securities were voted during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available on the website at **allspringglobal.com** or by visiting the SEC website at **sec.gov**.

### Quarterly portfolio holdings information

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year as an exhibit to its reports on Form N-PORT. Shareholders may view the filed Form N-PORT by visiting the SEC website at **sec.gov**.

### Delaware statutory trust act – control share acquisitions

Because the Fund is organized as a Delaware statutory trust, it is subject to the control share acquisition statute (the “Control Share Statute”) contained in Subchapter III of the Delaware Statutory Trust Act (the “DSTA”), which became automatically applicable to listed closed-end funds, such as the Fund, upon its effective date of August 1, 2022 (the “Effective Date”).

The Control Share Statute provides for a series of voting power thresholds above which shares are considered control shares. The first such threshold is 10% or more, but less than 15%, of all voting power. Voting power is defined by the Control Share Statute as the power to directly or indirectly exercise or direct the exercise of the voting power of Fund shares in the election of trustees. Whether a voting power threshold is met is determined by aggregating the holdings of the acquirer as well as those of its “associates,” as defined by the Control Share Statute.

Once a threshold is reached, an acquirer has no voting rights under the DSTA or the governing documents of the Fund with respect to shares acquired in excess of that threshold (i.e., the “control shares”) unless approved by shareholders or exempted by the Fund’s Board of Trustees. Approval by shareholders requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding shares held by the acquirer and its associates as well as shares held by certain insiders of the Fund. The Control Share Statute provides procedures for an acquirer to request a shareholder meeting for the purpose of considering whether voting rights shall be accorded to control shares. Further approval by the Fund’s shareholders would be required with respect to additional acquisitions of control shares above the next applicable threshold level. In addition, the Fund’s Board of Trustees is permitted, but not obligated to, exempt specific acquisitions or classes of acquisitions of control shares, either in advance or retroactively.

The Control Share Statute does not retroactively apply to acquisitions of shares that occurred prior to the Effective Date. However, such shares will be aggregated with any shares acquired after the Effective Date for purposes of determining whether a voting power threshold is exceeded, resulting in the newly acquired shares constituting control shares.

The Control Share Statute requires shareholders to disclose to the Fund any control share acquisition within 10 days of such acquisition and, upon request, to provide any information that the Fund’s Board of Trustees reasonably believes is necessary or desirable to determine whether a control share acquisition has occurred.

The foregoing is only a summary of certain aspects of the Control Share Statute. Shareholders should consult their own legal counsel to determine the application of the Control Share Statute with respect to their shares of the Fund and any subsequent acquisitions of shares.

## Board of trustees and officers

The following table provides basic information about the Board of Trustees (the "Trustees") and Officers of the Fund. Each of the Trustees and Officers listed below acts in identical capacities for each fund in the Allspring family of funds, which consists of 126 mutual funds comprising the Allspring Funds Trust, Allspring Variable Trust, Allspring Master Trust, and four closed-end funds, including the Fund (collectively the "Fund Complex"). The mailing address of each Trustee and Officer is 1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor, Charlotte, NC 28203. The Board of Trustees is classified into three classes of which one is elected annually. Each Trustee serves a three-year term concurrent with the class from which the Trustee is elected. Each Officer serves an indefinite term.

### Independent Trustees

NAME AND YEAR OF BIRTH	POSITION HELD AND LENGTH OF SERVICE*	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST FIVE YEARS OR LONGER	CURRENT OTHER PUBLIC COMPANY OR INVESTMENT COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS
<b>Class I - Non-Interested Trustees to serve until 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders</b>			
ISAIAH HARRIS, JR. (Born 1952)	Trustee, since 2009; Audit Committee Chair, since 2019	Retired. Member of the Advisory Board of CEF of East Central Florida. Chairman of the Board of CIGNA Corporation from 2009 to 2021, and Director from 2005 to 2008. From 2003 to 2011, Director of Deluxe Corporation. Prior thereto, President and CEO of BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corp. from 2005 to 2007, President and CEO of BellSouth Enterprises from 2004 to 2005 and President of BellSouth Consumer Services from 2000 to 2003. Emeritus member of the Iowa State University Foundation Board of Governors. Emeritus Member of the Advisory board of Iowa State University School of Business. Advisory Board Member, Palm Harbor Academy (private school). Advisory Board Member, Fellowship of Christian Athletes. Mr. Harris is a certified public accountant (inactive status).	N/A
DAVID F. LARCKER (Born 1950)	Trustee, since 2009	Distinguished Visiting Fellow at the Hoover Institution since 2022. James Irvin Miller Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business (Emeritus), Stanford University, Director of the Corporate Governance Research Initiative and Senior Faculty of The Rock Center for Corporate Governance since 2006. From 2005 to 2008, Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business, Stanford University. Prior thereto, Ernst & Young Professor of Accounting at The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania from 1985 to 2005.	N/A
OLIVIA S. MITCHELL (Born 1953)	Trustee, since 2006; Nominating and Governance Committee Chair, since 2018	International Foundation of Employee Benefit Plans Professor since 1993, Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. Director of Wharton's Pension Research Council and Boettner Center on Pensions & Retirement Research, and Research Associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research. Previously taught at Cornell University from 1978 to 1993.	N/A
<b>Class II - Non-Interested Trustees to serve until 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders</b>			
WILLIAM R. EBSWORTH (Born 1957)	Trustee, since 2015	Retired. From 1984 to 2013, equities analyst, portfolio manager, research director and chief investment officer at Fidelity Management and Research Company in Boston, Tokyo, and Hong Kong, and retired in 2013 as Chief Investment Officer of Fidelity Strategic Advisers, Inc. where he led a team of investment professionals managing client assets. Prior thereto, Board member of Hong Kong Securities Clearing Co., Hong Kong Options Clearing Corp., the Thailand International Fund, Ltd., Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company, and Empire Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company. Audit Committee Chair and Investment Committee Chair of the Vincent Memorial Hospital Foundation (non-profit organization). Mr. Ebsworth is a CFA charterholder.	N/A
JANE A. FREEMAN (Born 1953)	Trustee, since 2015; Chair Liaison, since 2018	Retired. From 2012 to 2014 and 1999 to 2008, Chief Financial Officer of Scientific Learning Corporation. From 2008 to 2012, Ms. Freeman provided consulting services related to strategic business projects. Prior to 1999, Portfolio Manager at Rockefeller & Co. and Scudder, Stevens & Clark. Board member of the Harding Loevner Funds from 1996 to 2014, serving as both Lead Independent Director and chair of the Audit Committee. Board member of the Russell Exchange Traded Funds Trust from 2011 to 2012 and the chair of the Audit Committee. Ms. Freeman is also an inactive Chartered Financial Analyst.	N/A

NAME AND YEAR OF BIRTH	POSITION HELD AND LENGTH OF SERVICE*	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST FIVE YEARS OR LONGER	CURRENT OTHER PUBLIC COMPANY OR INVESTMENT COMPANY DIRECTORSHIPS
<b>Class III - Non-Interested Trustees to serve until 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareholders</b>			
TIMOTHY J. PENNY (Born 1951)	Trustee, since 1996; Chair, since 2018	President and Chief Executive Officer of Southern Minnesota Initiative Foundation, a non-profit organization, since 2007. Vice Chair of the Economic Club of Minnesota, since 2007. Co-Chair of the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget, since 1995. Member of the Board of Trustees of NorthStar Education Finance, Inc., a non-profit organization, from 2007-2022. Senior Fellow of the University of Minnesota Humphrey Institute from 1995 to 2017.	N/A
JAMES G. POLISSON (Born 1959)	Trustee, since 2018	Retired. Chief Marketing Officer, Source (ETF) UK Services, Ltd, from 2015 to 2017. From 2012 to 2015, Principal of The Polisson Group, LLC, a management consulting, corporate advisory and principal investing company. Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director at Russell Investments, Global Exchange Traded Funds from 2010 to 2012. Managing Director of Barclays Global Investors from 1998 to 2010 and Global Chief Marketing Officer for iShares and Barclays Global Investors from 2000 to 2010. Trustee of the San Francisco Mechanics' Institute, a non-profit organization, from 2013 to 2015. Board member of the Russell Exchange Traded Fund Trust from 2011 to 2012. Director of Barclays Global Investors Holdings Deutschland GmbH from 2006 to 2009. Mr. Polisson is an attorney and has a retired status with the Massachusetts and District of Columbia Bar Associations.	N/A
PAMELA WHEELOCK (Born 1959)	Trustee, since January 2020; previously Trustee from January 2018 to July 2019	Retired. Executive and Senior Financial leadership positions in the public, private and nonprofit sectors. Interim President and CEO, McKnight Foundation, 2020. Interim Commissioner, Minnesota Department of Human Services, 2019. Chief Operating Officer, Twin Cities Habitat for Humanity, 2017-2019. Vice President for University Services, University of Minnesota, 2012-2016. Interim President and CEO, Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota, 2011-2012. Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer, Minnesota Wild, 2002-2008. Commissioner, Minnesota Department of Finance, 1999-2002. Chair of the Board of Directors of Destination Medical Center Corporation. Board member of the Minnesota Wild Foundation.	N/A

\* Length of service dates reflect the Trustee's commencement of service with the Trust's predecessor entities, where applicable.

Officers<sup>1</sup>

NAME AND YEAR OF BIRTH	POSITION HELD AND LENGTH OF SERVICE	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST FIVE YEARS OR LONGER
ANDREW OWEN (Born 1960)	President, since 2017	President and Chief Executive Officer of Allspring Funds Management, LLC since 2017 and Head of Global Fund Governance of Allspring Global Investments since 2022. Prior thereto, co-president of Galliard Capital Management, LLC, an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management, LLC, from 2019 to 2022 and Head of Affiliated Managers, Allspring Global Investments, from 2014 to 2019 and Executive Vice President responsible for marketing, investments and product development for Allspring Funds Management, LLC, from 2009 to 2014.
JEREMY DEPALMA (Born 1974)	Treasurer, since 2012 (for certain funds in the Fund Complex); since 2021 (for the remaining funds in the Complex)	Senior Vice President of Allspring Funds Management, LLC since 2009. Senior Vice President of Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC from 2008 to 2010 and head of the Fund Reporting and Control Team within Fund Administration from 2005 to 2010.
CHRISTOPHER BAKER (Born 1976)	Chief Compliance Officer, since 2022	Global Chief Compliance Officer for Allspring Global Investments since 2022. Prior thereto, Chief Compliance Officer for State Street Global Advisors from 2018 to 2021. Senior Compliance Officer for the State Street divisions of Alternative Investment Solutions, Sector Solutions, and Global Marketing from 2015 to 2018. From 2010 to 2015 Vice President, Global Head of Investment and Marketing Compliance for State Street Global Advisors.
MATTHEW PRASSE (Born 1983)	Chief Legal Officer, since 2022; Secretary, since 2021	Senior Counsel of the Allspring Legal Department since 2021. Senior Counsel of the Wells Fargo Legal Department from 2018 to 2021. Previously, Counsel for Barings LLC from 2015 to 2018. Prior to joining Barings, Associate at Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP from 2008 to 2015.

<sup>1</sup> For those Officers with tenures at Allspring Global Investments and/or Allspring Funds Management, LLC that began prior to 2021, such tenures include years of service during which these businesses/entities were known as Wells Fargo Asset Management and Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC, respectively.

## Board consideration of investment advisory and sub-advisory agreements:

Under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”), the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of the Allspring Utilities and High Income Fund (the “Fund”) must determine annually whether to approve the continuation of the Fund’s investment advisory and sub-advisory agreements. In this regard, at a Board meeting held on May 15-17, 2023 (the “Meeting”), the Board, all the members of which have no direct or indirect interest in the investment advisory and sub-advisory agreements and are not “interested persons” of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act (the “Independent Trustees”), reviewed and approved: (i) an investment advisory agreement with Allspring Funds Management, LLC (“Allspring Funds Management”); and (ii) an investment sub-advisory agreement with Allspring Global Investments, LLC (the “Sub-Adviser”), an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management. The investment advisory agreement with Allspring Funds Management and the investment sub-advisory agreement with the Sub-Adviser are collectively referred to as the “Advisory Agreements.”

At the Meeting, the Board considered the factors and reached the conclusions described below relating to the selection of Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser and the approval of the Advisory Agreements. Prior to the Meeting, including at a Board meeting held in April 2023, and at the Meeting, the Trustees conferred extensively among themselves and with representatives of Allspring Funds Management about these matters. The Board has adopted a team-based approach, with each team consisting of a sub-set of Trustees, to assist the full Board in the discharge of its duties in reviewing investment performance and other matters throughout the year. The Trustees were assisted in their evaluation of the Advisory Agreements by independent legal counsel, from whom they received separate legal advice and with whom they met separately.

The Board noted that it initially approved the Advisory Agreements at a Board meeting held in May 2021, each for a two-year term, in advance of the sale of Wells Fargo Asset Management to Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC,<sup>1</sup> a holding company indirectly owned by certain private funds of GTCR LLC and Reverence Capital Partners, L.P. (the “Transaction”). The Trustees also noted that, while they did not specifically consider the continuation of the Advisory Agreements in 2022 as a result of the two-year term that was approved in 2021, the Trustees received and considered certain information at a Board meeting held in April 2022 that was applicable to the Advisory Agreements, including an overview and financial review of the Allspring Global Investments business, information regarding certain ancillary agreements that were approved by the Board at the April 2022 Board meeting, and comparative data regarding Fund fees and expenses.

In providing information to the Board, Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser were guided by a detailed set of requests for information submitted to them by independent legal counsel on behalf of the Independent Trustees at the start of the Board’s annual contract renewal process earlier in 2023. In considering and approving the Advisory Agreements, the Trustees considered the information they believed relevant, including but not limited to the information discussed below. The Board considered not only the specific information presented in connection with the Meeting, but also the knowledge gained over time through interactions with Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser about various topics. In this regard, the Board reviewed reports of Allspring Funds Management at each of its quarterly meetings, which included, among other things, portfolio reviews and investment performance reports. In addition, the Board and the teams mentioned above confer with portfolio managers at various times throughout the year. The Board did not identify any particular information or consideration that was all-important or controlling, and each individual Trustee may have attributed different weights to various factors.

After its deliberations, the Board unanimously determined that the compensation payable to Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser under each of the Advisory Agreements was reasonable, and approved the continuation of the Advisory Agreements for a one-year term. The Board considered the approval of the Advisory Agreements for the Fund as part of its consideration of agreements for funds across the complex, but its approvals were made on a fund-by-fund basis. The following summarizes a number of important, but not necessarily all, factors considered by the Board in support of its approvals.

### *Nature, extent, and quality of services*

The Board received and considered various information regarding the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Fund by Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser under the Advisory Agreements. This information included, among other things, a summary of the background and experience of senior management of Allspring Global Investments, of which Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser are a part, and a summary of investments made in the Allspring Global Investments business. The Board also considered information about retention arrangements with respect to key personnel of Allspring Global Investments that were put in place in connection with the Transaction. The Board took into account information about the services that continue to be provided by Wells Fargo & Co. and/or its affiliates (“Wells Fargo”) since the Transaction under a transition services agreement and the anticipated timeline for exiting the transition services agreement. In addition, the Board received and considered information about the full range of services provided to the Fund by Allspring Funds Management and its affiliates.

The Board considered the additional services provided to the Fund due to the fact that the Fund is a closed-end fund, including, but not limited to, leverage management and monitoring, evaluating, and, where appropriate, making recommendations with respect to the Fund’s trading discount, share repurchase program, managed distribution program, and distribution rates, as well as shareholder relations activities.

<sup>1</sup> The trade name for the asset management firm that includes Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser is “Allspring Global Investments.”

The Board considered the qualifications, background, tenure, and responsibilities of each of the portfolio managers primarily responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund. The Board evaluated the ability of Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser to attract and retain qualified investment professionals, including research, advisory and supervisory personnel.

The Board further considered the compliance programs and compliance records of Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser. The Board received and considered information about Allspring Global Investments' risk management functions, which included information about Allspring Funds Management's and the Sub-Adviser's business continuity plans and their approaches to data privacy and cybersecurity. The Board also received and considered information about Allspring Funds Management's intermediary and vendor oversight program.

### *Fund investment performance and expenses*

The Board considered the investment performance results for the Fund over various time periods ended December 31, 2020. The Board considered these results in comparison to the investment performance of funds in a custom peer group that included funds selected by Broadridge Inc. ("Broadridge") and additional funds that were determined by Allspring Funds Management to be similar to the Fund (the "Custom Peer Group"), and in comparison to the Fund's benchmark index and to other comparative data. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Broadridge and Allspring Funds Management to select the funds in the Custom Peer Group and discussed the limitations inherent in the use of other peer groups. The Board noted that the investment performance of the Fund was higher than the average investment performance of the Custom Peer Group for all periods under review except for the ten-year period. The Board also noted that the investment performance of the Fund was lower than its benchmark, the Utilities and High Income Blended Index, which is a custom index used by the Board to help it assess the Fund's relative performance, for all periods under review except for the three-year period.

The Board noted that it had approved a change in the sub-advisory arrangements and principal investment strategy for the Fund, which was implemented on or about October 15, 2019, and that the investment performance of the Fund for most of the periods covered did not reflect the investment performance of the Fund's revised sub-advisory arrangement or principal investment strategy. The Board noted that it would continue to review the Fund's investment performance going forward to monitor implementation of the Fund's revised sub-advisory arrangement and principal investment strategy.

The Board also received and considered information regarding the Fund's net operating expense ratio and its various components, including actual management fees, and custodian and other non-management fees. The Board considered this ratio in comparison to the median ratio of funds in the Custom Peer Group and in comparison to the median ratio of funds in an expense group that was determined by Broadridge to be similar to the Fund (the "Broadridge Group", and together with the Custom Peer Group, the "Expense Groups"). Broadridge is an independent provider of investment company data. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Broadridge and Allspring Funds Management to select the funds in the Expense Groups, and an explanation from Broadridge of how funds comprising Broadridge expense groups and their expense ratios may vary from year-to-year. Based on the Broadridge reports, the Board noted that the net operating expense ratio of the Fund was lower than the median net operating expense ratios of the Expense Groups.

The Board took into account the Fund's investment performance and expense information provided to it among the factors considered in deciding to re-approve the Advisory Agreements.

### *Investment advisory and sub-advisory fee rates*

The Board reviewed and considered the contractual investment advisory fee rate that is payable by the Fund to Allspring Funds Management for investment advisory services (the "Advisory Agreement Rate"), both on a stand-alone basis and on a combined basis with the Fund's contractual administration fee rate (the "Management Rate"). The Board also reviewed and considered the contractual investment sub-advisory fee rate that is payable by Allspring Funds Management to the Sub-Adviser for investment sub-advisory services (the "Sub-Advisory Agreement Rate").

Among other information reviewed by the Board was a comparison of the Management Rate of the Fund with those of other funds in the Expense Groups at a common asset level. The Board noted that the Management Rate of the Fund was lower than the average rates for its Expense Groups.

The Board also received and considered information about the portion of the total advisory fee that was retained by Allspring Funds Management after payment of the fee to the Sub-Adviser for sub-advisory services. In assessing the reasonableness of this amount, the Board received and evaluated information about the nature and extent of responsibilities retained and risks assumed by Allspring Funds Management and not delegated to or assumed by the Sub-Adviser, and about Allspring Funds Management's on-going oversight services. Given the affiliation between Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser, the Board ascribed limited relevance to the allocation of the advisory fee between them.

Based on its consideration of the factors and information it deemed relevant, including those described here, the Board determined that the Advisory Agreement Rate and the Sub-Advisory Agreement Rate were reasonable.



### *Profitability*

The Board received and considered information concerning the profitability of Allspring Funds Management, as well as the profitability of Allspring Global Investments, from providing services to the fund complex as a whole. The Board noted that the Sub-Adviser's profitability information with respect to providing services to the Fund and other funds in the complex was subsumed in the Allspring Global Investments profitability analysis.

Allspring Funds Management reported on the methodologies and estimates used in calculating profitability, including a description of the methodology used to allocate certain expenses and differences in how Allspring Global Investments calculates its pre-tax profit metric versus the methodology used when Allspring Funds Management was part of Wells Fargo. It was noted that the impact of such differences had only minor impact on the financial results presented. Among other things, the Board noted that the levels of profitability reported on a fund-by-fund basis varied widely, depending on factors such as the size, type, and age of fund.

Based on its review, the Board did not deem the profits reported by Allspring Funds Management or Allspring Global Investments from services provided to the Fund to be at a level that would prevent it from approving the continuation of the Advisory Agreements.

### *Economies of scale*

The Board received and considered information about the potential for Allspring Funds Management to experience economies of scale in the provision of management services, the difficulties of calculating economies of scale on an individual fund level, and the extent to which potential scale benefits are shared with Fund shareholders. The Board noted that the Fund is not engaged in a continuous offering that could help its assets grow, and that, as is typical of closed-end funds, there are no breakpoints in the Management Rate, which was reduced in 2019. Although the Fund would not share in any potential economies of scale through contractual breakpoints, the Board noted that Allspring Funds Management shares potential economies of scale from its management business in a variety of ways, including through fee waiver and expense reimbursement arrangements, competitive management fee rates set at the outset without regard to breakpoints, and investments in the business intended to enhance services available to shareholders.

The Board concluded that Allspring Funds Management's arrangements with respect to the Fund constituted a reasonable approach to sharing potential economies of scale with the Fund and its shareholders. The Board also noted that it would have opportunities to revisit the Management Rate as part of future contract reviews.

### *Other benefits to Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser*

The Board received and considered information regarding potential "fall-out" or ancillary benefits received by Allspring Funds Management and its affiliates, including the Sub-Adviser, as a result of their relationships with the Fund. Ancillary benefits could include, among others, benefits directly attributable to other relationships with the Fund and benefits potentially derived from an increase in Allspring Funds Management's and the Sub-Adviser's business as a result of their relationships with the Fund. The Board also reviewed information about soft dollar credits earned and utilized by the Sub-Adviser.

Based on its consideration of the factors and information it deemed relevant, including those described here, the Board did not find that any ancillary benefits received by Allspring Funds Management and its affiliates, including the Sub-Adviser, were unreasonable.

### *Conclusion*

At the Meeting, after considering the above-described factors and based on its deliberations and its evaluation of the information described above, the Board unanimously determined that the compensation payable to Allspring Funds Management and the Sub-Adviser under each of the Advisory Agreements was reasonable, and approved the continuation of the Advisory Agreements for a one-year term.



## Automatic dividend reinvestment plan

All common shareholders are eligible to participate in the Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("the Plan"). Pursuant to the Plan, unless a common shareholder is ineligible or elects otherwise, all cash dividends and capital gains distributions are automatically reinvested by Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as agent for shareholders in administering the Plan ("Plan Agent"), in additional common shares of the Fund. Whenever the Fund declares an ordinary income dividend or a capital gain dividend (collectively referred to as "dividends") payable either in shares or in cash, nonparticipants in the Plan will receive cash, and participants in the Plan will receive the equivalent in common shares. The shares are acquired by the Plan Agent for the participant's account, depending upon the circumstances described below, either (i) through receipt of additional unissued but authorized common shares from the Fund ("newly issued common shares") or (ii) by purchase of outstanding common shares on the open-market (open-market purchases) on the NYSE Amex or elsewhere. If, on the payment date for any dividend or distribution, the net asset value per share of the common shares is equal to or less than the market price per common share plus estimated brokerage commissions ("market premium"), the Plan Agent will invest the amount of such dividend or distribution in newly issued shares on behalf of the participant. The number of newly issued common shares to be credited to the participant's account will be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the dividend by the net asset value per share on the date the shares are issued, provided that the maximum discount from the then current market price per share on the date of issuance may not exceed 5%. If on the dividend payment date the net asset value per share is greater than the market value ("market discount"), the Plan Agent will invest the dividend amount in shares acquired on behalf of the participant in open-market purchases. There will be no brokerage charges with respect to shares issued directly by the Fund as a result of dividends or capital gains distributions payable either in shares or in cash. However, each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent's open-market purchases in connection with the reinvestment of dividends. The automatic reinvestment of dividends and distributions will not relieve participants of any federal, state or local income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on such dividends. All correspondence concerning the Plan should be directed to the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 505000, Louisville, Kentucky 40233 or by calling 1-800-730-6001.







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Allspring Global Investments™ is the trade name for the asset management firms of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC, a holding company indirectly owned by certain private funds of GTCR LLC and Reverence Capital Partners, L.P. These firms include but are not limited to Allspring Global Investments, LLC, and Allspring Funds Management, LLC. Certain products managed by Allspring entities are distributed by Allspring Funds Distributor, LLC (a broker-dealer and Member FINRA/SIPC).

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